



## **Dual N-Channel 30 V (D-S) MOSFETs**

| PRODUCT SUMMARY |                     |                                      |                    |                       |  |  |  |
|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
|                 | V <sub>DS</sub> (V) | $R_{DS(on)}$ ( $\Omega$ ) (Max.)     | I <sub>D</sub> (A) | Q <sub>g</sub> (Typ.) |  |  |  |
| Channel-1       | 30                  | $0.0058$ at $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$  | 40 <sup>a</sup>    | 12.5 nC               |  |  |  |
|                 |                     | $0.0075$ at $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ | 40 <sup>a</sup>    | 12.5110               |  |  |  |
| Channel-2       | 30                  | 0.0030 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V     | 40 <sup>a</sup>    | 29 nC                 |  |  |  |
|                 |                     | $0.0035$ at $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ | 40 <sup>a</sup>    | 29110                 |  |  |  |

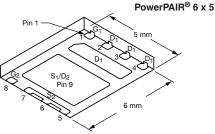
#### **FEATURES**

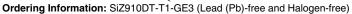
- Halogen-free According to IEC 61249-2-21 Definition
- TrenchFET® Power MOSFETs
- 100 %  $R_q$  and UIS Tested
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC

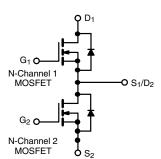
# HALOGEN FREE

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Notebook System Power
- POL
- Synchronous Buck Converter







| ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS                           | ( · A , armo           |                                   | •                   | <u> </u>            |    |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----|
| Parameter  | Symbol                 | Channel-1                         | Channel-2           | Unit                |    |
| Drain-Source Voltage                               | $V_{DS}$               | 30                                |                     | V                   |    |
| Gate-Source Voltage                                | $V_{GS}$               | ± 2                               | V                   |                     |    |
|  | T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C |                                   | 40 <sup>a</sup>     | 40 <sup>a</sup>     |    |
| Continuous Drain Current (T = 150 °C)              | T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C | 1 .                               | 40 <sup>a</sup>     | 40 <sup>a</sup>     |    |
| Continuous Drain Current (T <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C) | T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C | I <sub>D</sub>                    | 22 <sup>b, c</sup>  | 32 <sup>b, c</sup>  |    |
|  | T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C |                                   | 17 <sup>b, c</sup>  | 26 <sup>b, c</sup>  | Α  |
| Pulsed Drain Current (t = 300 μs)                  |                        | I <sub>DM</sub>                   | 100                 | 120                 | A  |
| Continuous Source Drain Diode Current              | T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C | - I <sub>S</sub>                  | 24 <sup>a</sup>     | 28 <sup>a</sup>     |    |
| Continuous Source Drain Diode Current              | T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C |                                   | 3.8 <sup>b, c</sup> | 4.3 <sup>b, c</sup> |    |
| Single Pulse Avalanche Current                     | L = 0.1 mH             | I <sub>AS</sub>                   | 25                  | 40                  |    |
| Single Pulse Avalanche Energy                      | L = 0.1 11111          | E <sub>AS</sub>                   | 31                  | 80                  | mJ |
|  | T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C |                                   | 48                  | 100                 |    |
| Maximum Dawar Dissipation                          | T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C | В                                 | 31                  | 64                  | W  |
| Maximum Power Dissipation                          | T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C | - P <sub>D</sub>                  | 4.6 <sup>b, c</sup> | 5.2 <sup>b, c</sup> | VV |
|  | T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C |                                   | 3 <sup>b, c</sup>   | 3.3 <sup>b, c</sup> |    |
| Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range   |                        | T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub> | - 55 to 150         |                     | 00 |
| Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature)d      |                        | 26                                | °C                  |                     |    |

| THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS                  |              |                   |      |       |           |      |        |  |  |
|---|--------------|-------------------|------|-------|-----------|------|--------|--|--|
|   |              |                   | Char | nel-1 | Channel-2 |      |        |  |  |
| Parameter                                   |              | Symbol            | Тур. | Max.  | Тур.      | Max. | Unit   |  |  |
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>b, f</sup> | t ≤ 10 s     | R <sub>thJA</sub> | 22   | 27    | 19        | 24   | °C/W   |  |  |
| Maximum Junction-to-Case (Drain)            | Steady State | $R_{thJC}$        | 2.1  | 2.6   | 1         | 1.25 | 0/ / / |  |  |

#### Notes:

- a. Package limited T<sub>C</sub> = 25 °C.
- b. Surface mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
- d. See solder profile (www.vishay.com/doc?73257). The PowerPAIR is a leadless package. The end of the lead terminal is exposed copper (not plated) as a result of the singulation process in manufacturing. A solder fillet at the exposed copper tip cannot be guaranteed and is not required to ensure adequate bottom side solder interconnection.
- e. Rework conditions: manual soldering with a soldering iron is not recommended for leadless components.
- f. Maximum under steady state conditions is 62 °C/W for channel-1 and 55 °C/W for channel-2.

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| SPECIFICATIONS (T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °         |                                  |   |      | T    |          |        |       |
|---|----------------------------------|---|------|------|----------|--------|-------|
| Parameter                                     | Symbol                           | Test Conditions   |      | Min. | Тур.     | Max.   | Unit  |
| Static  |                                  |   | 1    | ı    | 1        |        |       |
| Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage                | V <sub>DS</sub>                  | $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V, } I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$  | Ch-1 | 30   |          |        | V     |
|   | - 53                             | $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$   | Ch-2 | 30   |          |        | , v   |
| V <sub>DS</sub> Temperature Coefficient       | ΔV <sub>DS</sub> /T <sub>J</sub> | $I_D = 250 \mu A$   | Ch-1 |      | 33       |        | mV/°C |
| VDS Temperature documents                     | ΔVDS/1J                          | I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA   | Ch-2 |      | 31       |        |       |
| V <sub>GS(th)</sub> Temperature Coefficient   | $\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$          | I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA   | Ch-1 |      | - 5.4    |        |       |
| VGS(th) Temperature Coefficient               | ∆VGS(th)/1J                      | I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA   | Ch-2 |      | - 6.1    |        |       |
| Cata Threshold Valtage                        | V                                | $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu A$  | Ch-1 | 1.2  |          | 2.2    | V     |
| Gate Threshold Voltage                        | V <sub>GS(th)</sub>              | $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu A$  | Ch-2 | 1    |          | 2.2    |       |
| Gata Sauraa Laakaga                           | lasa                             | $V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$                                       | Ch-1 |      |          | ± 100  | nA    |
| Gate Source Leakage                           | I <sub>GSS</sub>                 |   | Ch-2 |      |          | ± 100  |       |
|   |                                  | $V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$   | Ch-1 |      |          | 1      |       |
| Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current               | 1                                | $V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$   | Ch-2 |      |          | 1      | μΑ    |
|   | DSS                              | $V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{J} = 55 ^{\circ}\text{C}$              | Ch-1 |      |          | 5      |       |
|   |                                  | $V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{J} = 55 ^{\circ}\text{C}$              | Ch-2 |      |          | 5      |       |
| On-State Drain Current <sup>b</sup>           | ,                                | $V_{DS} \ge 5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$   | Ch-1 | 20   |          |        | A     |
|   | I <sub>D(on)</sub>               | $V_{DS} \ge 5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$   | Ch-2 | 25   |          |        |       |
| Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>b</sup> | R <sub>DS(on)</sub>              | $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 20 \text{ A}$   | Ch-1 |      | 0.0048   | 0.0058 |       |
|   |                                  | $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 20 \text{ A}$   | Ch-2 |      | 0.0025   | 0.0030 | Ω     |
|   |                                  | $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 20 \text{ A}$  | Ch-1 |      | 0.0060   | 0.0075 |       |
|   |                                  | $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 20 \text{ A}$  | Ch-2 |      | 0.0029   | 0.0035 |       |
|   |                                  | V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 20 A   | Ch-1 |      | 94       |        |       |
| Forward Transconductance <sup>b</sup>         | 9 <sub>fs</sub>                  | V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 20 A   | Ch-2 |      | 140      |        | S     |
| Dynamic <sup>a</sup>                          |                                  |   |      |      | <u> </u> |        |       |
|   | <u> </u>                         |   | Ch-1 |      | 1500     |        |       |
| Input Capacitance                             | C <sub>iss</sub>                 | Channel-1   | Ch-2 |      | 3600     |        | pF    |
| 0.1.10  |                                  | $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$                        | Ch-1 |      | 285      |        |       |
| Output Capacitance                            | C <sub>oss</sub>                 | Channel-2   | Ch-2 |      | 660      |        |       |
| Davis Transfer Conscitutes                    | 6                                | $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$                        | Ch-1 |      | 125      |        |       |
| Reverse Transfer Capacitance                  | C <sub>rss</sub>                 |   | Ch-2 |      | 305      |        |       |
|   |                                  | $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 20 \text{ A}$                      | Ch-1 |      | 26       | 40     | nC    |
| Total Gate Charge                             | $Q_g$                            | $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 20 \text{ A}$                      | Ch-2 |      | 60       | 110    |       |
| Total Gate Charge                             | ₩g -                             | Channel-1 $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 20 \text{ A}$ Channel-2 | Ch-1 |      | 12.5     | 19     |       |
|   |                                  |   | Ch-2 |      | 29       | 51     |       |
| Gate-Source Charge                            | Q <sub>gs</sub>                  |   | Ch-1 |      | 4.7      |        |       |
| Gate-Source Charge                            | ⊸gs                              |   | Ch-2 |      | 10       |        |       |
| Gate-Drain Charge                             | Q <sub>gd</sub>                  | $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 20 \text{ A}$                   | Ch-1 |      | 4        |        |       |
|   |                                  |   | Ch-2 |      | 9.5      |        |       |
| Gate Resistance                               | $R_{g}$                          | f = 1 MHz   | Ch-1 | 0.5  | 2.6      | 5.2    | Ω     |
|   | 9                                |   | Ch-2 | 0.1  | 0.6      | 1.2    |       |

#### Notes:

a. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

b. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq$  300  $\mu$ s, duty cycle  $\leq$  2 %.



| Parameter Symbol                             |                     | Test Conditions  |              |   | Тур.     | Max.     | Unit |
|--|---------------------|--|--------------|---|----------|----------|------|
| Dynamic <sup>a</sup>                         |                     |  |              |   | •        | •        |      |
| Turn-On Delay Time                           | t <sub>d(on)</sub>  | Channel-1  | Ch-1         |   | 20       | 40       |      |
|  | =(=,                | $V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}, R_1 = 1.5 \Omega$  | Ch-2<br>Ch-1 |   | 30       | 60       |      |
| Rise Time                                    | t <sub>r</sub>      | $I_D \cong 10 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 4.5 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \Omega$  |              |   | 25<br>35 | 50<br>70 |      |
|  |                     |  | Ch-2<br>Ch-1 |   | 25       | 50       | ns   |
| Turn-Off Delay Time                          | t <sub>d(off)</sub> | Channel-2<br>$V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}, R_{I} = 1.5 \Omega$   | Ch-2         |   | 35       | 70       |      |
| E-II The                                     |                     | $I_{D} \cong 10 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 4.5 \text{ V}, R_{q} = 1 \Omega$  | Ch-1         |   | 10       | 20       |      |
| Fall Time                                    | t <sub>f</sub>      | GEN 7 GEN 7 9  | Ch-2         |   | 12       | 25       |      |
| Turn On Doloy Time                           | t., ,               |  | Ch-1         |   | 10       | 20       |      |
| Turn-On Delay Time                           | t <sub>d(on)</sub>  | Channel-1  | Ch-2         |   | 12       | 25       |      |
| Rise Time                                    | t <sub>r</sub>      | $V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}, R_L = 1.5 \Omega$  | Ch-1         |   | 25       | 25       |      |
| Thise Time                                   | ч                   | $I_D \cong 10 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \Omega$   | Ch-2         |   | 12       | 25       |      |
| Turn-Off Delay Time                          | t <sub>d(off)</sub> | Channel-2 $V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V, R}_L = 1.5 \ \Omega$ $I_D \cong 10 \text{ A, V}_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V, R}_g = 1 \ \Omega$ | Ch-1         |   | 30       | 60       |      |
| Turn On Belay Time                           |                     |  | Ch-2         |   | 35       | 70       |      |
| Fall Time                                    |                     |  | Ch-1         |   | 10       | 20       |      |
|  |                     |  | Ch-2         |   | 10       | 20       |      |
| <b>Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristi</b> | cs                  |  | l            | ı | _        |          | _    |
| Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current        | I <sub>S</sub>      | $T_C = 25  ^{\circ}C$  | Ch-1<br>Ch-2 |   |          | 40       | 4    |
|  | I <sub>SM</sub>     |  | Ch-1         |   |          | 100      | Α    |
| Pulse Diode Forward Current <sup>a</sup>     |                     |  | Ch-2         |   |          | 120      |      |
|  |                     | I <sub>S</sub> = 10 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V   | Ch-1         |   | 0.8      | 1.2      |      |
| Body Diode Voltage                           | $V_{SD}$            | I <sub>S</sub> = 10 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V   | Ch-2         |   | 0.8      | 1.2      | V    |
|  |                     |  | Ch-1         |   | 26       | 50       |      |
| Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time             | t <sub>rr</sub>     |  | Ch-2         |   | 36       | 70       | ns   |
|  | Q <sub>rr</sub>     | Channel-1 $I_F = 10 \text{ A}, \text{ dI/dt} = 100 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}, T_J = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$                     | Ch-1         |   | 25       | 50       | 0    |
| Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge           |                     |  | Ch-2         |   | 36       | 70       | nC   |
| Reverse Recovery Fall Time                   | t <sub>a</sub>      | Channel-2  | Ch-1         |   | 17       |          |      |
| neverse necovery rail fillie                 |                     | $I_F = 10 \text{ A}, \text{ dI/dt} = 100 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}, T_J = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$                               | Ch-2         |   | 20       |          | ns   |
| Reverse Recovery Rise Time                   | t <sub>b</sub>      |  | Ch-1         |   | 9        |          | 115  |
| Tieverse Hecovery Hise Hille                 |                     |  | Ch-2         |   | 16       |          |      |

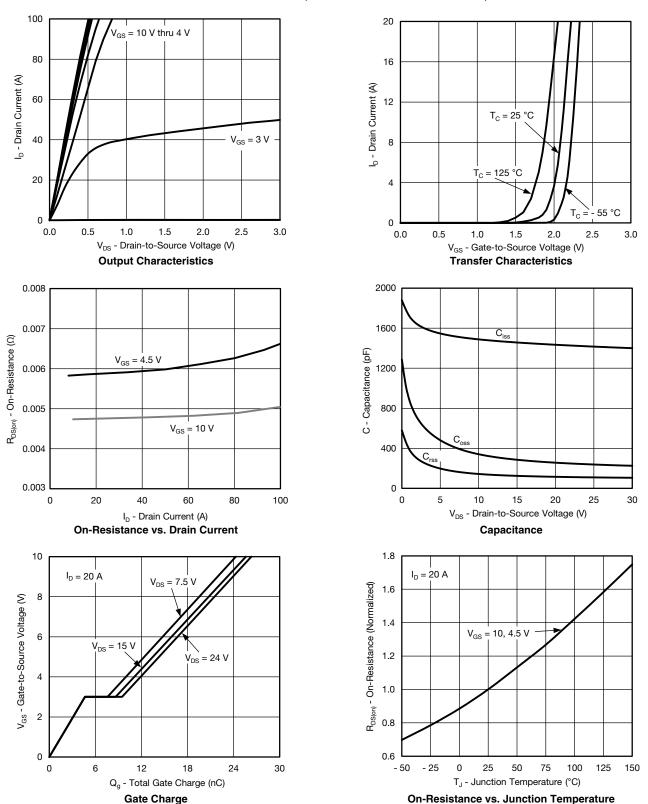
#### Notes:

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

a. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

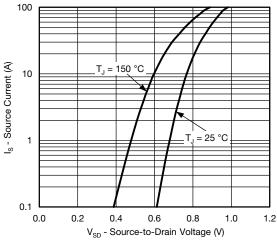
b. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq$  300  $\mu$ s, duty cycle  $\leq$  2 %.

## CHANNEL-1 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

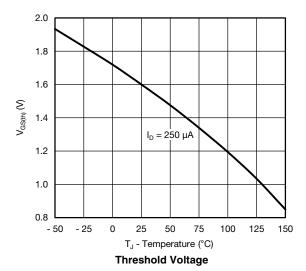


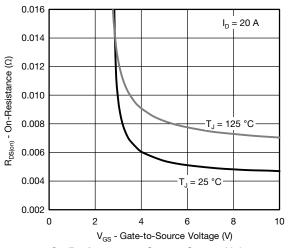


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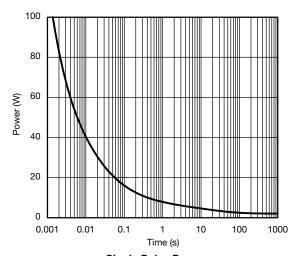


#### Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

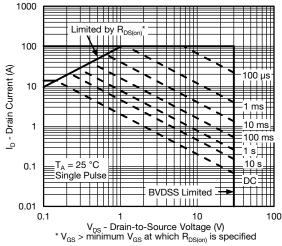




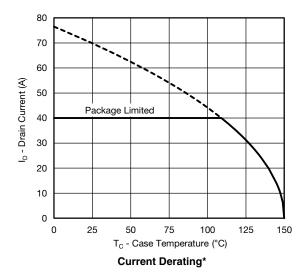
On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

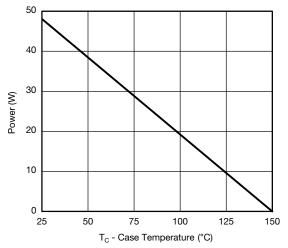


Single Pulse Power



## CHANNEL-1 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



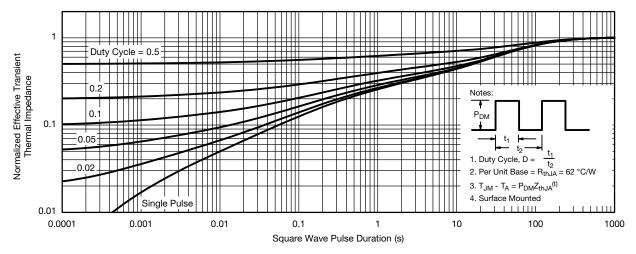


Power, Junction-to-Case

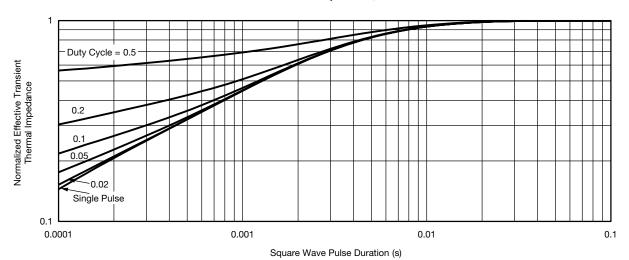
 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(max)}$  = 150 °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.



## CHANNEL-1 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

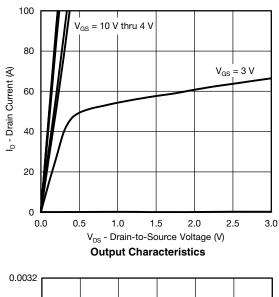


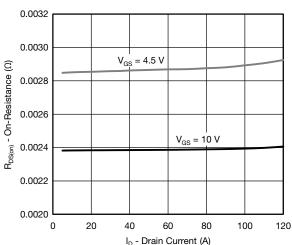
### Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

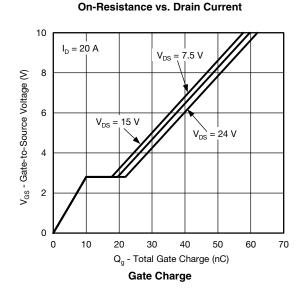


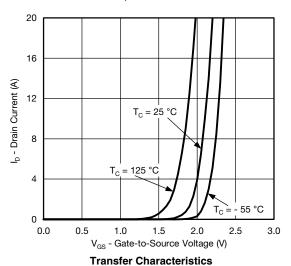
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Case

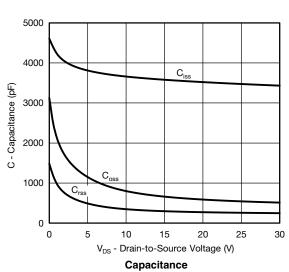
## CHANNEL-2 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

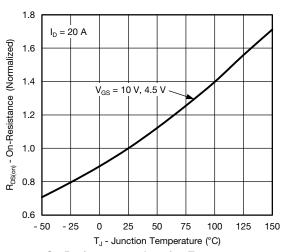






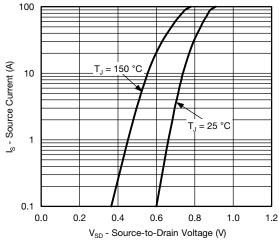




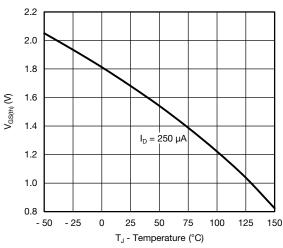




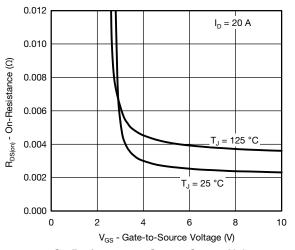
## CHANNEL-2 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



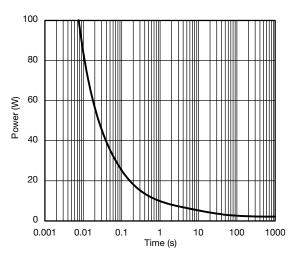
### Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



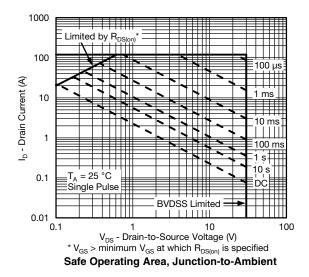
**Threshold Voltage** 



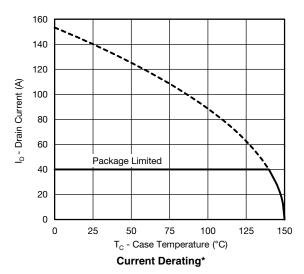
On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

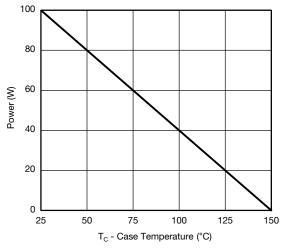


Single Pulse Power



## CHANNEL-2 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

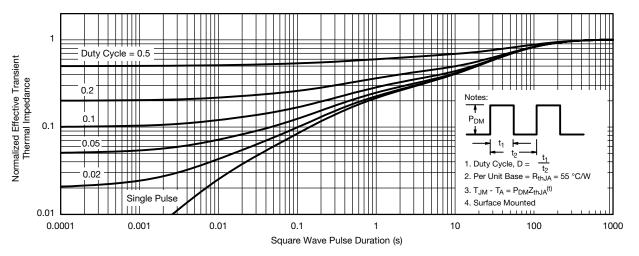




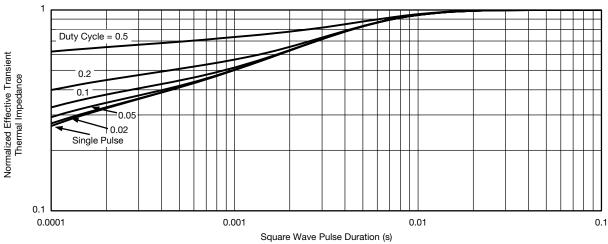
Power, Junction-to-Case

<sup>\*</sup> The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(max)} = 150$  °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.

## CHANNEL-2 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



#### Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Case

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