# N-Channel 100 V (D-S) MOSFET

DESCRIPTION

The attached SPICE model describes the typical electrical characteristics of the n-channel vertical DMOS. The subcircuit model is extracted and optimized over the - 55 °C to + 125 °C temperature ranges under the pulsed 0 V to 10 V gate drive. The saturated output impedance is best fit at the gate bias near the threshold voltage.

A novel gate-to-drain feedback capacitance network is used to model the gate charge characteristics while avoiding convergence difficulties of the switched C_{gd} model. All model parameter values are optimized to provide a best fit to the measured electrical data and are not intended as an exact physical interpretation of the device.

CHARACTERISTICS

- N-Channel Vertical DMOS
- Macro Model (Subcircuit Model)
- Level 3 MOS
- Apply for both Linear and Switching Application
- Accurate over the - 55 °C to + 125 °C Temperature Range
- Model the Gate Charge

SUBCIRCUIT MODEL SCHEMATIC
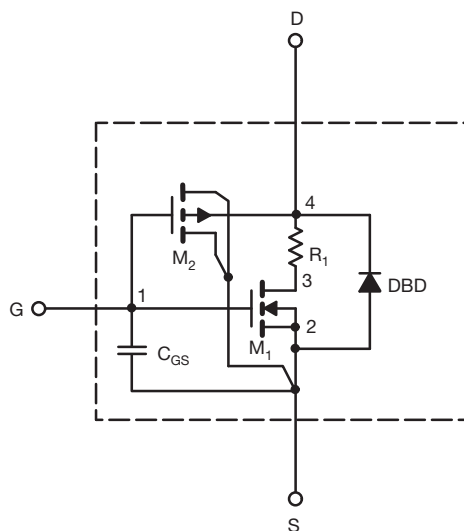
Note

- This document is intended as a SPICE modeling guideline and does not constitute a commercial product datasheet. Designers should refer to the appropriate datasheet of the same number for guaranteed specification limits.

SPECIFICATIONS (T_J = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	SIMULATED DATA	MEASURED DATA	UNIT
Static					
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 µA	2.6	-	V
Drain-Source On-State Resistance[a]	$R_{DS(on)}$	V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 2.5 A	0.160	0.162	Ω
		V_{GS} = 6 V, I_D = 2.3 A	0.180	0.190	
Forward Transconductance[a]	g_{fs}	V_{DS} = 10 V, I_D = 2.5 A	4.8	5.3	S
Diode Forward Voltage[a]	V_{SD}	I_S = 2.2 A	0.73	0.80	V
Dynamic[b]					
Total Gate Charge	Q_g		4.8	5.2	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}	V_{DS} = 50 V, V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 2.5 A	1.1	1.1	
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}		1.9	1.9	

Notes

a. Pulse test; pulse width ≤ 300 µs, duty cycle ≤ 2 %.

b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

COMPARISON OF MODEL WITH MEASURED DATA (T_J = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)
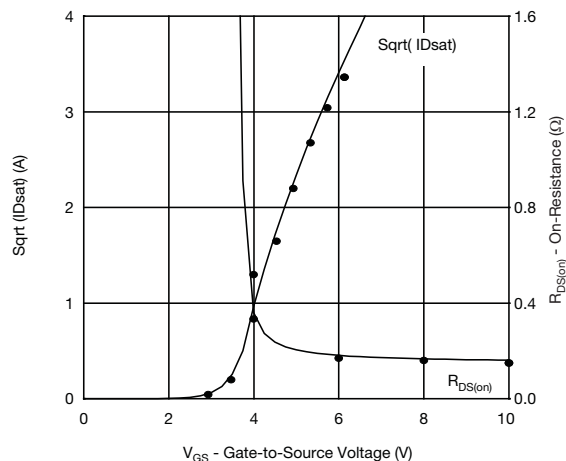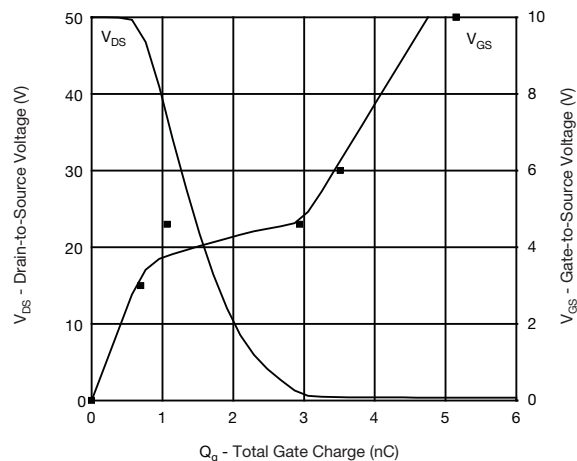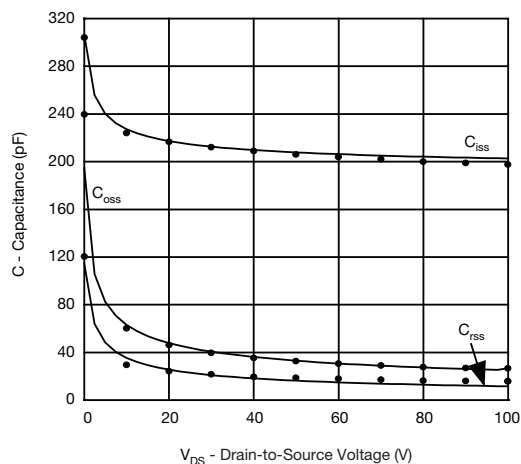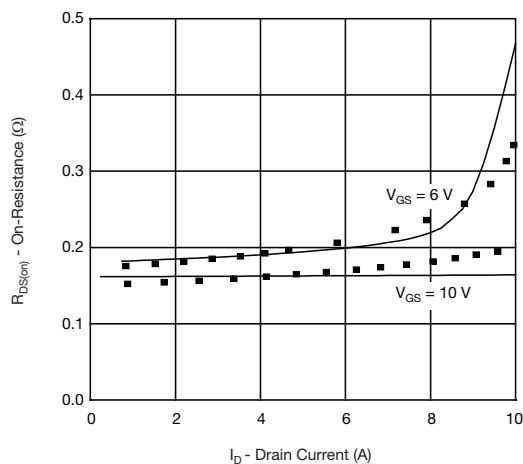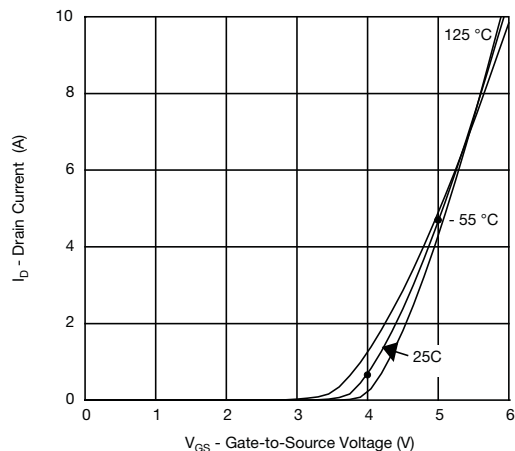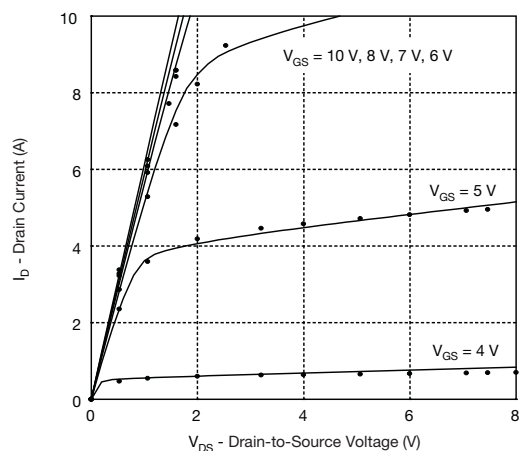
Note
• Dots and squares represent measured data.