



# N-Channel 30 V (D-S) MOSFET

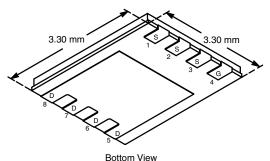
PRODUCT SUMMARY					
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	$R_{DS(on)}(\Omega)$	I <sub>D</sub> (A) <sup>f</sup>	Q <sub>g</sub> (Typ.)		
30	0.0084 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V	35 <sup>g</sup>	8.1 nC		
30	0.0110 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5 V	35 <sup>g</sup>	0.1110		

### **FEATURES**

- Halogen-free According to IEC 61249-2-21 **Definition**
- TrenchFET® Power MOSFET
- **PWM Optimized**
- 100 % R<sub>q</sub> Tested
- 100 % UIS Tested
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC

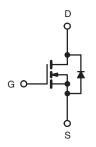
# COMPLIANT HALOGEN FREE

### PowerPAK 1212-8



# **APPLICATIONS**

- High Side Switch
  - POL
  - Notebook PC
  - Server



N-Channel MOSFET

Ordering Information: SiS332DN-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)

Parameter		Symbol	Limit	Unit	
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	30	V	
Gate-Source Voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>	± 20	V	
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		35 <sup>g</sup>		
Continuous Drain Current (T <sub>.1</sub> = 150 °C)	T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C	I_	35 <sup>g</sup>		
Continuous Diam Current (1) = 150 °C)	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	I <sub>D</sub>	15.4 <sup>a, b</sup>		
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		12.3 <sup>a, b</sup>	^	
Pulsed Drain Current (t = 300 μs)		I <sub>DM</sub>	50	A	
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	I.	35 <sup>g</sup>		
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	I <sub>S</sub>	3.2 <sup>a, b</sup>		
Single Pulse Avalanche Current  Single Pulse Avalanche Energy  L = 0.1 mH		I <sub>AS</sub>	20		
		E <sub>AS</sub>	20	mJ	
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		33		
Maximum Power Dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C	P <sub>D</sub>	21	w	
Maximum Fower Dissipation	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	LD	3.6 <sup>a, b</sup>	VV	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		2.3 <sup>a, b</sup>		
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to 150	°C	
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Tempera	<u> </u>	260			

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS							
Parameter		Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>a, e</sup>	t ≤ 10 s	R <sub>thJA</sub>	28	35	°C/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Case (Drain)	Steady State	R <sub>thJC</sub>	2.9	3.8	O/ VV		

### Notes:

- a. Surface mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
- b. t = 10 s.
- c. See solder profile (<a href="https://www.vishay.com/ppg?73257">www.vishay.com/ppg?73257</a>). The PowerPAK 1212-8 is a leadless package. The end of the lead terminal is exposed copper (not plated) as a result of the singulation process in manufacturing. A solder fillet at the exposed copper tip cannot be guaranteed and is not required to ensure adequate bottom side solder interconnection.
- d. Rework conditions: manual soldering with a soldering iron is not recommended for leadless components.
- e. Maximum under steady state conditions is 81 °C/W.
- f. Based on  $T_C = 25$  °C. g. Package limited.

# Vishay Siliconix



V <sub>SS(th)</sub> Temperature Coefficient         ΔV <sub>SS(th)</sub> T <sub>J</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS</sub> · I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA         1.2         -4.4         V           Gate-Source Threshold Voltage         V <sub>GS(th)</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 20 V         ± 100         nA           Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current         I <sub>DSS</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 30 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V         1         μ           On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup> I <sub>D(0n)</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 30 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V         20         A           On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup> I <sub>D(0n)</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> > 5 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V         20         A           Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>a</sup> R <sub>DS(0n)</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A         0.0070         0.0084         Ω           Forward Transconductance on Costate Resistance <sup>a</sup> g <sub>Is</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A         38         s         s           Dynamic <sup>b</sup> Input Capacitance         C <sub>Iss</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, I = 1 MHz         250         pF           Reverse Transfer Capacitance         C <sub>Iss</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A         18         27           Total Gate Charge         Q <sub>g</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A         18         27           Gate-Source Charge         Q <sub>gs</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A         3.0         1<	<b>SPECIFICATIONS</b> ( $T_J = 25  ^{\circ}C_I$	unless othe	erwise noted)					
	Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
V <sub>Ds</sub> Temperature Coefficient         ΔV <sub>DS</sub> (T <sub>J</sub> )         I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA         27         mV/°C           Gate-Source Threshold Voltage         V <sub>DS</sub> (m)         V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>DS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA         1.2         2.4         V           Gate-Source Leakage         I <sub>GSS</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = ±20 V         ± ±100         nA           Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current         I <sub>DSS</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 30 V, V <sub>QS</sub> = 0 V         1         1         μA           On-State Drain Current <sup>3</sup> I <sub>D(m)</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 30 V, V <sub>QS</sub> = 0 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 55 °C         0         1         1         μA           On-State Drain Current <sup>3</sup> I <sub>D(m)</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>QS</sub> = 0 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 55 °C         0         0         A           Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>8</sup> P <sub>DS</sub> (m)         V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A         0.0070         0.0084         Q         0.0070         0.0084         Q         0.0070         0.0084         Q         Q         0.0090         0.0110         Q         Q         0.0070         0.0084         Q         Q         Q         Q         0.0090         0.0110         Q         Q         Q         Q         Q         Q         Q         Q         Q         Q         Q         Q         Q         Q         <	Static							
Vas(m)   Temperature Coefficient   ΔV <sub>GS(m)</sub>   V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS, 1b</sub> = 250 μA   1.2   2.4   V   V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS(m)</sub>   V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS, 1b</sub> = 250 μA   1.2   2.4   V   V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS, 1b</sub> = 250 μA   1.2   2.4   V   V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS, 1b</sub> = 250 μA   V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>DS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V, } I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	30			V	
Vashin Temperature Coefficient         NV self(h)         V	V <sub>DS</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$	J 050 A		27		mV/°C	
Sale-Source Leakage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$	I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA		- 4.4			
	Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	1.2		2.4	٧	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Gate-Source Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$			± 100	nA	
On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup> I <sub>D(on)</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 30 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 55 °C         10         A           Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>a</sup> R <sub>DS(on)</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A         0.0070         0.0084         Ω           Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup> g <sub>1s</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A         38         S           Dynamic <sup>b</sup> Input Capacitance         C <sub>Iss</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz         250         pF           Reverse Transfer Capacitance         C <sub>Iss</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz         250         pF           Reverse Transfer Capacitance         C <sub>Iss</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz         250         pF           Gate Charge         Q <sub>g</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz         3.0         18         27           Gate Charge         Q <sub>g</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A         18         27         nC           Gate Charge         Q <sub>g</sub> V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A         18         27         nC           Gate Pourian Charge         Q <sub>g</sub> f = 1 MHz         0.3         1.5         3.0         Ω           Rise Time         t <sub>f</sub> V <sub>GS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A	Zava Cata Valtana Busin Courset		V <sub>DS</sub> = 30 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V			1	4	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance   Position   Positi	Zero Gate voltage Drain Current	IDSS	V <sub>DS</sub> = 30 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 55 °C			10	μA	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance   PDS(on)   VGS = 4.5 V, ID = 7 A   0.0090   0.0110   Ω	On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>D(on)</sub>	$V_{DS} \ge 5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	20			Α	
Provided Transconductance	Durin Course Or Olete Besidens	Б	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A		0.0070	0.0084	Ω	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Drain-Source On-State Resistance	H <sub>DS(on)</sub>	$V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 7 \text{ A}$		0.0090	0.0110		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup>	9 <sub>fs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A		38		S	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline \text{Output Capacitance} & C_{\text{OSS}} \\ \hline \text{Reverse Transfer Capacitance} & C_{\text{rss}} \\ \hline \hline \text{Reverse Transfer Capacitance} & C_{\text{rss}} \\ \hline \hline \text{PF} \\ \hline \\ \hline \text{Reverse Transfer Capacitance} & C_{\text{rss}} \\ \hline \\ \hline \text{Total Gate Charge} & Q_g \\ \hline \text{Gate-Source Charge} & Q_{gs} \\ \hline \text{Gate-Drain Charge} & Q_{gd} \\ \hline \text{Gate Resistance} & R_g & f = 1  \text{MHz} \\ \hline Other Minimal $	Dynamic <sup>b</sup>			<u>'</u>	"	•		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance   Crss   Crss   Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current   Is   Crss   Capacitance	Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>			915		pF	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		250			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>			60			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Tatal Cata Chausa		$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 10 \text{ A}$		18	27	nC	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Total Gate Charge				8.1	12.2		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Gate-Source Charge	$Q_{gs}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 10 \text{ A}$		3.0			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Gate-Drain Charge				2.4			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Gate Resistance	$R_{g}$	f = 1 MHz	0.3	1.5	3.0	Ω	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			13	26	ns	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}, R_{L} = 1.5 \Omega$		11	22		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_{D} \cong 10 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 4.5 \text{ V}, R_{g} = 1 \Omega$		16	32		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			9	18		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			7	14		
Fall Time $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}, R_{L} = 1.5 \Omega$		10	20		
	Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_{D} \cong 10 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V}, R_{g} = 1 \Omega$		15	30		
	Fall Time				8	16		
Pulse Diode Forward Current $I_{SM}$ $50$ Body Diode Voltage $V_{SD}$ $I_S = 3 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ $0.74$ $1.1$ $V$ Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time $t_{rr}$ $18$ $35$ $ns$ Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge $Q_{rr}$ Reverse Recovery Fall Time $t_a$ $I_F = 5 \text{ A}, \text{ dI/dt} = 100 \text{ A/µs}, T_J = 25 °C$	Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristic	cs		<u>'</u>	"	•		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I <sub>S</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C			35	A	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time $t_{rr}$ Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge $Q_{rr}$ Reverse Recovery Fall Time $t_a$ $I_F = 5 \text{ A, dI/dt} = 100 \text{ A/µs, T}_J = 25 \text{ °C}$ $9  18  nC$ $9  ns$	Pulse Diode Forward Current	_				50		
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time $t_{rr}$ Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge $Q_{rr}$ Reverse Recovery Fall Time $t_a$ $I_F = 5 \text{ A, dI/dt} = 100 \text{ A/µs, T}_J = 25 \text{ °C}$ $9  18  nC$ $9  ns$	Body Diode Voltage	$V_{SD}$	I <sub>S</sub> = 3 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		0.74	1.1	V	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge $Q_{rr}$ $I_F = 5 \text{ A}, \text{ dI/dt} = 100 \text{ A/µs}, T_J = 25 °C$ $9$ $18$ $nC$ Reverse Recovery Fall Time $t_a$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time				18	35	ns	
Reverse Recovery Fall Time t <sub>a</sub> I <sub>F</sub> = 5 A, dl/dt = 100 A/μs, 1 <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C 9	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge				9	18	nC	
Reverse Recovery Rise Time t <sub>b</sub> 9	Reverse Recovery Fall Time		1 <sub>F</sub> = 5 A, αί/αι = 100 A/μs, 1 <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C		9		- ns	
	Reverse Recovery Rise Time				9			

### Notes:

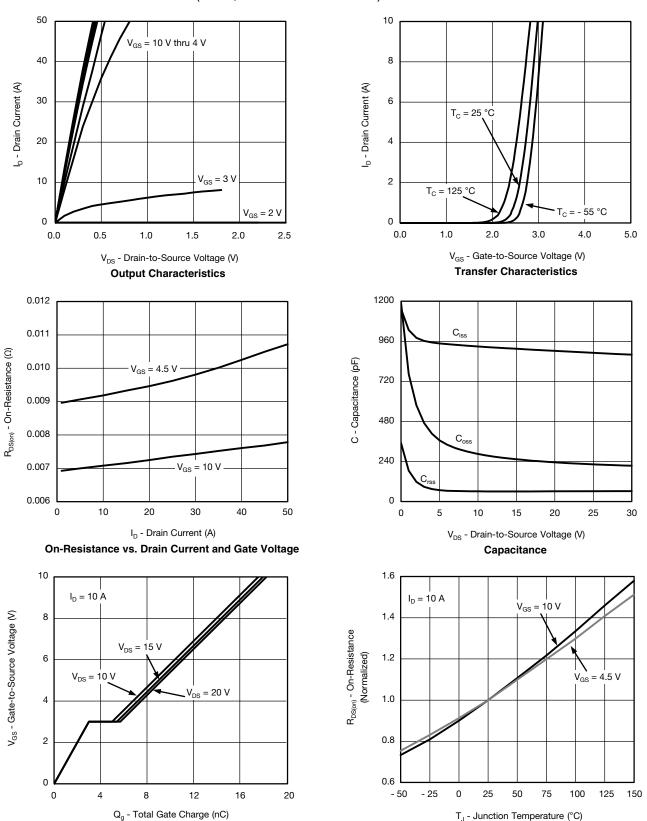
Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

a. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq$  300  $\mu$ s, duty cycle  $\leq$  2 %

b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.



## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

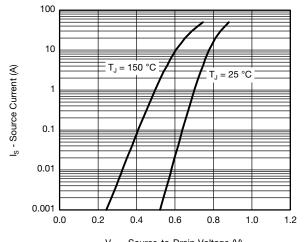


**Gate Charge** 

On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

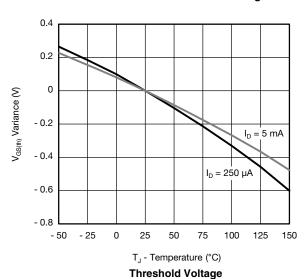
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## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



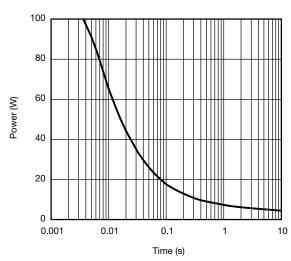
 ${\rm V}_{\rm SD}$  - Source-to-Drain Voltage (V)

### Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

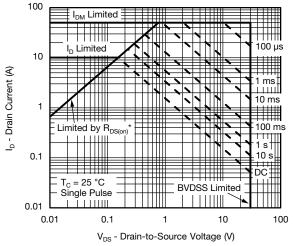


0.05  $I_D = 10 A$ 0.04 R<sub>DS(on)</sub> - On-Resistance (Ω) 0.03 0.02 T<sub>J</sub> = 125 °C 0.01 T<sub>J</sub> = 25 °C 0.00 0 6 10

V<sub>GS</sub> - Gate-to-Source Voltage (V) On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient

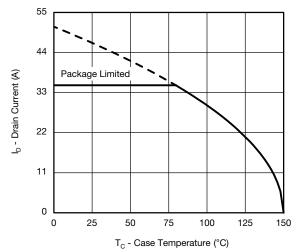


\*  $V_{GS}$  > minimum  $V_{GS}$  at which  $R_{DS(on)}$  is specified

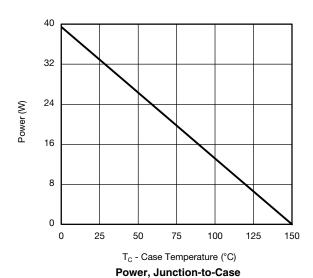
Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient

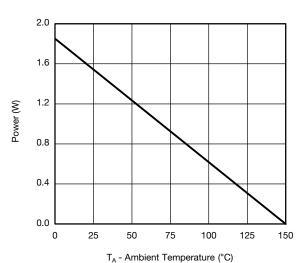


## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



### **Current Derating\***





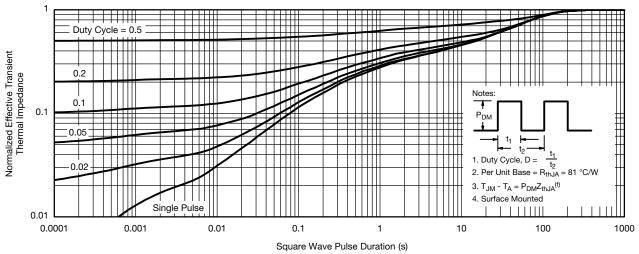
Power, Junction-to-Ambient

<sup>\*</sup> The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(max.)} = 150$  °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit

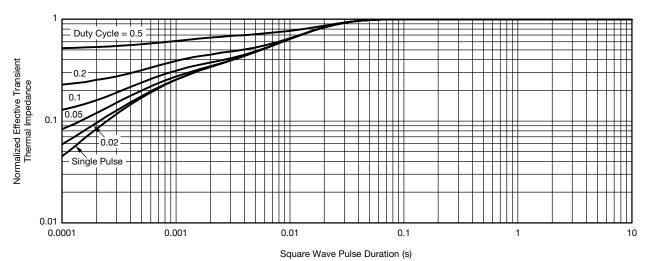
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## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Case

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see www.vishay.com/ppg?67848



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