0.4 Ω, Low Resistance and Capacitance, Dual DPDT / Quad SPDT Analog Switch

DESCRIPTION
The DG2523 and DG2524 are four-channel single-pole double-throw (SPDT) analog switches. The DG2523 has two control inputs that each controls a pair of single-pole double-throw (SPDT). It is also known as a two-channel double-pole double-throw (DPDT) configuration. The DG2524 has an EN pin to enable the device when the logic is low.

The parts are designed to operate from 1.8 V to 5.5 V single power rail. All switches conduct equally well in both directions, offering rail to rail signal switching and can be used both as multiplexers as well as de-multiplexers. The parts feature low control logic threshold. Break-before-make switching is guaranteed.

The DG2523 and DG2524 exhibit low parasitic capacitance, low leakage, and highly matched low and flat switch resistance over the full signal range characters that are important for precision analog designs.

The high bandwidth and excellent total harmonic distortion (THD) performance make them ideal for both analog and digital signal switching in space constrain applications requiring high performance and efficient use of board space.

The DG2523 and DG2524 come in Pb-free QFN-16 package of 3 mm x 3 mm.

BENEFITS
- Low and flat resistance
- Excellent total harmonic distortion
- Low parasitic capacitance
- Low voltage control interface

FEATURES
- 1.8 V to 5.5 V single supply operation
- Low resistance: 0.4 Ω / typ. at 2.7 V
- Highly flat and matched Ron
- Low parasitic capacitance, C_on = 26 pF, C_off = 14.5 pF
- Typical switch off leakage of 40 pA
- High bandwidth: 310 MHz
- Guaranteed logic high 1.2 V, logic low 0.3 V
- Break before make switching
- Signal swing over V+ capable
- Power down protection
- Latch up current: 300 mA (JESD78)
- ESD/HBM: > 6 kV
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912

APPLICATIONS
- Automatic test equipment
- Data acquisition systems
- Meters and instruments
- Medical and healthcare systems
- Communication systems
- Audio and video signal routing
- Battery powered systems
- Computer peripherals
- Data storage
- Relay replacement

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM AND PIN CONFIGURATION
Notes

a. Signals on NC, NO, or COM, or IN exceeding V+ will be clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward diode current to maximum current ratings.
b. All leads welded or soldered to PC board.
c. Derate 17.3 mW/°C above 70 °C.
d. Manual soldering with iron is not recommended for leadless components. The miniQFN-16 is a leadless package. The end of the lead terminal is exposed copper (not plated) as a result of the singulation process in manufacturing. A solder fillet at the exposed copper lip cannot be guaranteed and is not required to ensure adequate bottom side solder interconnection.

Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
### SPECIFICATIONS (V+= 3 V)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
<th>TEST CONDITIONS</th>
<th>TEMP. °C</th>
<th>LIMITS</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Analog Switch</td>
<td></td>
<td>unless otherwise specified</td>
<td></td>
<td>-40 °C to +85 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Analog signal range</td>
<td>VN0, VNc, VNcom</td>
<td>V+= 3 V, ± 10%, VIN = 0.5 V or 1.4 V</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>V+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On-resistance</td>
<td>RON</td>
<td>V+= 2.7 V, VCOM = 0 to 2.7 V, INO, INC = 100 mA</td>
<td>Room</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RON flatness</td>
<td>V+= 2.7 V, VCOM = 0 to V+, INO, INC = 100 mA</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Room</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RON match</td>
<td>ΔRON</td>
<td>V+= 5.5 V, VN0, VNc = 0.5 V / 4 V, VCOM = 4 V / 0.5 V</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switch off leakage current</td>
<td>IN0(off), INc(off)</td>
<td>V+= 5.5 V, VN0, VNc = 0.5 V / 4 V, VCOM = 4 V / 0.5 V</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Room</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel-on leakage current</td>
<td>IC0n(on)</td>
<td>V+= 5.5 V, VN0, VNc = 0.5 V / 4 V</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Room</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital Control</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input high voltage</td>
<td>VINH</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input low voltage</td>
<td>VINL</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input capacitance</td>
<td>CIN</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>pF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input current</td>
<td>IINL or IINH</td>
<td>VIN = 0 or V+</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>-1</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dynamic Characteristics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>µs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turn-on time</td>
<td>tON</td>
<td>VN0 or VNc = 1.5 V, RL = 50 Ω, CL = 35 pF</td>
<td>Room</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turn-off time</td>
<td>tOFF</td>
<td>VN0 or VNc = 1.5 V, RL = 50 Ω, CL = 35 pF</td>
<td>Room</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Break-before-make time</td>
<td>td</td>
<td></td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charge injection</td>
<td>QINJ</td>
<td>C1 = 1 nF, VGEN = 1.5 V, RGEN = 0 Ω</td>
<td>Room</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>pC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-3 dB bandwidth</td>
<td>BW</td>
<td>RL = 50 Ω, CL = 5 pF</td>
<td>Room</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off-isolation</td>
<td>OIRR</td>
<td>RL = 50 Ω, CL = 5 pF, f = 100 kHz</td>
<td>Room</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crosstalk</td>
<td>XTALK</td>
<td>RL = 50 Ω, CL = 5 pF, f = 1 kHz</td>
<td>Room</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total harmonic distortion plus noise</td>
<td>THD + N</td>
<td>2.5 V, signal peak to peak voltage RL = 32 Ω, f = 1 kHz</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NO, NC off capacitance</td>
<td>CNO(off)</td>
<td>f = 1 MHz</td>
<td>Room</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>14.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>pF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel-on capacitance</td>
<td>CNO(on)</td>
<td>f = 1 MHz</td>
<td>Room</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>14.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power Supply</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.8 -</td>
<td>5.5 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power supply range</td>
<td>V+</td>
<td>VIN = 0 or V+</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power supply current</td>
<td>I+</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>60</td>
<td>μA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes**

a. Room = 25 °C, full = as determined by the operating suffix.

b. The algebraic convention whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum, is used in this data sheet.

c. Typical values are for design aid only, not guaranteed nor subject to production testing.

d. Guarantee by design, not subjected to production test.

e. VIN = input voltage to perform proper function.

f. Crosstalk measured between channels.
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (\(T_A = 25 ^\circ C\), unless otherwise noted)

**RON vs. V\text{COM} and Supply Voltage**

- \(R_{\text{ON}}\) vs. \(V_{\text{COM}}\) and Supply Voltage

**Supply Current vs. Input Voltage**

- Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

**Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage**

- Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage

**Supply Current vs. Temperature**

- Supply Current vs. Temperature

**Leakage Current vs. Temperature**

- Leakage Current vs. Temperature
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25 \, ^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted)

Leakage Current vs. Drain Voltage

Switching Time vs. Temperature

Insertion Loss, Off-Isolation Crosstalk vs. Frequency

Switching Threshold vs. Supply Voltage
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** \( T_A = 25 \, ^\circ C \), unless otherwise noted

![Graph showing Charge Injection vs. Analog Voltage](image)

- **Charge Injection vs. Analog Voltage**
  - \( V_{+} = 3 \, V \)
  - \( V_{\text{NO/NZ}} \) - Analog Voltage (V)
  - \( Q_{\text{INJ}} \) - Charge Injection (pC)

![Graph showing Switching Time vs. Supply Voltage](image)

- **Switching Time vs. Supply Voltage**
  - \( T = 25 \, ^\circ C \)
  - \( V_{\text{analog}} = 1/2 \, V_{+} \)
  - \( t_{\text{ON}} \)
  - \( t_{\text{OFF}} \)

![Graph showing Capacitance vs. Analog Voltage](image)

- **Capacitance vs. Analog Voltage**
  - \( V_{+} = 3 \, V \)
  - \( C_{\text{COM(ON)}} \)
  - \( C_{\text{NON(ON)}} \)
  - \( C_{\text{NON(OFF)}} \)

- **Switching Speed (μs)**
  - \( V_{+} \) - Supply Voltage (V)
  - \( 0.0 \) to \( 40.0 \)

- **Capacitance (pF)**
  - \( 0.0 \) to \( 40.0 \)
  - \( 0.0 \) to \( 70.0 \)
TEST CIRCUITS

Fig. 1 - Switching Time

\[ V_{OUT} = V_{COM} \left( \frac{R_L}{R_L + R_{ON}} \right) \]

Logic "1" = Switch On
Logic input waveforms inverted for switches that have the opposite logic sense.

Fig. 2 - Break-Before-Make Interval

Logic Input

V_{IH} \quad 50 \%
\quad t_f < 5 \text{ ns}
\quad t_i < 5 \text{ ns}

0 V

90 \%
\quad t_d \quad t_o \quad t_o

Switch Output

V_{IL} \quad V_{OL}

V_{NC} = V_{NO}

IN

COM

RL 50 \Omega

CL 35 pF

C_L (includes fixture and stray capacitance)

Fig. 3 - Charge Injection

IN = \frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta t}

Q = \Delta V_{OUT} \times C_L

IN depends on switch configuration: input polarity determined by sense of switch.
Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see [www.vishay.com/ppg?67894](http://www.vishay.com/ppg?67894).

**Fig. 4 - Off-Isolation**

**Fig. 5 - Channel Off / On Capacitance**
### Notes

1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
2. N is the total number of terminals.
3. Dimension b applies to metallized terminal and is measured between 0.25 and 0.30 mm from terminal tip.
4. Coplanarity applies to the exposed heat sink slug as well as the terminal.
5. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or marked feature, it must be located within the zone indicated.

### Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DIM.</th>
<th>VARIATION 1</th>
<th>VARIATION 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MILLIMETERS</td>
<td>INCHES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MIN.</td>
<td>NOM.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>0.80</td>
<td>0.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>0.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>2.90</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>1.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>2.90</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>1.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>BSC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>0.40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ECN: T16-0233-Rev. D, 09-May-16
DWG: 5899

Revision: 09-May-16
Document Number: 72208

THIS DOCUMENT IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC DISCLAIMERS, SET FORTH AT www.vishay.com/doc?91000
Disclaimer

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, “Vishay”), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Vishay disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Vishay’s knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Vishay products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer’s responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and/or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer’s technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay’s terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Except as expressly indicated in writing, Vishay products are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the Vishay product could result in personal injury or death. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay. Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.