100 mA Buck-Boost Regulator Demonstration Board

FEATURES
- SiP1759 Demonstration Board includes the required components to evaluate the IC’s performance
- Easy hook-up to demonstrate performance of the IC, stand alone or in a system
- Charge pump based IC
- 100 mA output

APPLICATIONS
- 1-Cell Li Ion Battery Powered Equipment
- 2- to 3-Cell NiMH Battery Powered Equipment
- 2- to 3-Cell Alkaline Battery Powered Equipment
- Backup Battery Boost Converters

DESCRIPTION
The Siliconix SiP1759DB Demonstration Board contains all the circuitry required to demonstrate the fully integrated buck-boost regulator. This demonstration board utilizes the adjustable output voltage version of the SiP1759, while the fixed output version may be preferable in an actual application.

In addition to allowing evaluation of the SiP1759's performance, the layout shows the small amount of PC board area required for implementation.

DEMONSTRATION BOARD HOOK UP

![Top View](image1)
![Bottom View](image2)
DEMONSTRATION BOARD OPERATION

1) To use the demo Board, connect a 1.6 to 5.5 V power supply to the Vin (TP3) & GND (TP5) pins.

2) Place a jumper between the center and EN pin to enable the regulator’s operation. Connecting the center pin to the SD pin with disable or shut down the regulator.

3) A Load Resistor or Electronic Load should be connected to the VOUT (TP4) & GND (TP6) pins in order to simulate typical loaded conditions for this type of circuit.

BILL OF MATERIAL

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<th>Item</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Designator</th>
<th>Part Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<td>Cap, Ceramic, 10 V</td>
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<td>VISHAY</td>
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<td>Test Point</td>
<td>1 Pin Header</td>
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<td>MULTI-SOURCE</td>
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CHOICE OF COMPONENTS

Output Voltage

The SiP1759 regulated output is set at 2.5 V for shipment. It can be adjusted from 2.5 V to 5.5 V via resistor divider network from V\textsubscript{OUT} to GND. R1 and R2 should be kept in the 50 k\Omega to 100 k\Omega range for low power consumption, while maintaining adequate noise immunity. The value R1 is calculated using the following formula:

$$R1 = R2 \left( \frac{\text{VOUT}}{\text{VFB}} - 1 \right)$$

VFB is nominally 1.235 V.

Capacitor Selection

The value for the C\textsubscript{IN} and C\textsubscript{OUT} capacitors is 10 \mu F and the value of the C\textsubscript{X} capacitor is 0.33 \mu F.

Capacitor selection for C\textsubscript{IN}, C\textsubscript{OUT} and C\textsubscript{X} will have an impact on the voltage output ripple, output current and overall physical size of the circuit.

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD

Ceramic capacitors are recommended for their low ESR, (\leq 20 m\Omega), which will help keep the output voltage ripple at a minimum.

Output Voltage Ripple

The SiP1759 automatically decides whether to be in step up mode or step down mode depending on the V\textsubscript{IN}, V\textsubscript{OUT} and current load conditions, therefore the voltage output ripple will vary. In step-up mode the voltage output ripple is higher than step-down mode. But unless V\textsubscript{IN} is significant larger than V\textsubscript{OUT} (V\textsubscript{IN} \geq V\textsubscript{OUT} + 1 V), in heavy load the IC will slip from buck mode to boost mode as necessary to charge the transfer capacitor and the ripple will increase. Reducing the C\textsubscript{X} capacitor value will cause an increase in the switching frequency and a reduction of the output ripple.
TYPICAL WAVEFORMS

Figure 1. Typical Switching Waveform (VOUT > VIN)

Figure 2. Typical Switching Waveform (VOUT < VIN)

Figure 3. Efficiency vs. Input Voltage

ORDERING INFORMATION

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<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Marking</th>
<th>Temperature Range</th>
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<tr>
<td>SiP1759DB</td>
<td>SiP1759DB</td>
<td>-40 to 85 °C</td>
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