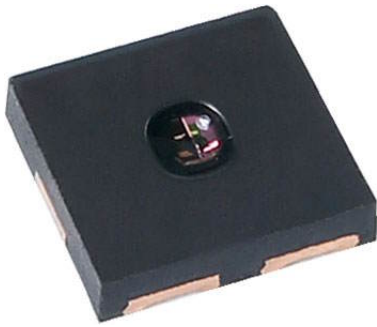


# High Accuracy Ambient Light Sensor With I<sup>2</sup>C Interface



## LINKS TO ADDITIONAL RESOURCES



## DESCRIPTION

VEML6031X01 is a high accuracy ambient light digital 16-bit resolution sensor in a miniature opaque 2.67 mm x 2.45 mm package. It includes a high sensitive photodiode, a low noise amplifier, a 16-bit A/D converter and supports an easy to use I<sup>2</sup>C bus communication interface and additional interrupt feature.

The ambient light result is as digital value available.

## APPLICATIONS

Ambient light sensor in automotive for

- Display backlight controls
- Infotainment systems
- Rear view mirror dimming
- Interior lighting control systems
- Head-up displays

## FEATURES

- Package type: surface-mount
- Dimensions (L x W x H in mm): 2.67 x 2.45 x 0.6
- AEC-Q101 qualified
- Integrated modules: ambient light sensor (ALS)
- Supply voltage range  $V_{DD}$ : 2.5 V to 3.6 V
- Communication via I<sup>2</sup>C interface
- I<sup>2</sup>C bus H-level range: 1.7 V to 3.6 V
- Floor life: 4 weeks, MSL 2a, according to J-STD-020
- Low shut down current consumption: typ. 0.5  $\mu$ A
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see [www.vishay.com/doc?99912](http://www.vishay.com/doc?99912)

 AUTOMOTIVE  
GRADE

**RoHS**  
COMPLIANT  
HALOGEN  
**FREE**  
**GREEN**  
(5-2008)

## AMBIENT LIGHT FUNCTION

- Filtron™ technology adaption: close to real human eye response
- Typical ALS output tolerance of  $\leq 10\%$  under different light sources
- 16-bit dynamic range for ambient light detection from 0 lx to about 228 klx with resolution down to 0.0034 lx/ct, supports low transmittance (dark) lens design
- Excellent temperature compensation
- High dynamic detection resolution

## PRODUCT SUMMARY

| PART NUMBER | OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE (V) | I <sup>2</sup> C BUS VOLTAGE RANGE (V) | AMBIENT LIGHT RANGE (lx) | AMBIENT LIGHT RESOLUTION (lx) | OUTPUT CODE              | ADC RESOLUTION PROXIMITY / AMBIENT LIGHT |
|-------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| VEML6031X01 | 2.5 to 3.6                  | 1.7 to 3.6                             | 0 to 228 000             | 0.0034                        | 16 bit, I <sup>2</sup> C | - / 16 bit                               |

## ORDERING INFORMATION

| ORDERING CODE     | PACKAGING     | VOLUME <sup>(1)</sup> | REMARKS                    |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| VEML6031X01       | Tape and reel | MOQ: 3000             | 2.67 mm x 2.45 mm x 0.6 mm |
| VEML6031X01-GS15  | Tape and reel | MOQ: 10 000           | 2.67 mm x 2.45 mm x 0.6 mm |
| VEML60311X01      | Tape and reel | MOQ: 3000             | 2.67 mm x 2.45 mm x 0.6 mm |
| VEML60311X01-GS15 | Tape and reel | MOQ: 10 000           | 2.67 mm x 2.45 mm x 0.6 mm |

### Note

<sup>(1)</sup> MOQ: minimum order quantity

| SLAVE ADDRESS OPTIONS |                       |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| ORDERING CODE         | SLAVE ADDRESS (7 bit) |
| VEML6031X01           | 0x29                  |
| VEML60311X01          | 0x10                  |

| ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified) |   |           |      |      |                    |
|---|---|-----------|------|------|--------------------|
| PARAMETER   | TEST CONDITION                            | SYMBOL    | MIN. | MAX. | UNIT               |
| Supply voltage  |   | $V_{DD}$  | 0    | 3.6  | V                  |
| Operation temperature range   |   | $T_{amb}$ | -40  | +125 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Storage temperature range   |   | $T_{stg}$ | -40  | +125 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Total power dissipation   | $T_{amb} \leq 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $P_{tot}$ | -    | 50   | mW                 |
| Junction temperature  |   | $T_j$     | -    | 125  | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

| BASIC CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified) |   |                     |                       |         |                      |               |
|--|---|---------------------|-----------------------|---------|----------------------|---------------|
| PARAMETER  | TEST CONDITION  | SYMBOL              | MIN.                  | TYP.    | MAX.                 | UNIT          |
| Supply voltage   |   | $V_{DD}$            | 2.5                   | 3.3     | 3.6                  | V             |
| Shut down current <sup>(1)</sup>   | $V_{DD} = V_{BUS}$  | $I_{sd}$            | -                     | 0.5     | -                    | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|  | $V_{DD} = V_{BUS} = 3.0\text{ V}$                         |                     | -                     | -       | 1.2                  |               |
|  | $V_{DD}$ is 3.6 V and $V_{BUS} = 1.7\text{ V}$            |                     | -                     | 3.1     | -                    |               |
| Operation mode current   | $V_{DD}$ is 3.3 V   | $I_{DD}$            | -                     | 280     | -                    | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| I <sup>2</sup> C clock rate range  |   | $f_{SCL}$           | 10                    | -       | 400                  | kHz           |
| I <sup>2</sup> C bus input H-level range   | $V_{BUS} = V_{DD}$  | $V_{ih}$            | $0.7 \times V_{DD}$   | -       | 3.6                  | V             |
|  | $V_{BUS} \neq V_{DD}$                                     |                     | $0.85 \times V_{BUS}$ | -       | 3.6                  |               |
| I <sup>2</sup> C bus input L-level range   | $V_{BUS} = V_{DD}$  | $V_{il}$            | -0.3                  | -       | $0.3 \times V_{DD}$  | V             |
|  | $V_{BUS} \neq V_{DD}$                                     |                     | -0.3                  | -       | $0.2 \times V_{BUS}$ |               |
| Digital current out (low, current sink)  |   | $I_{ol}$            | 3                     | -       | -                    | mA            |
| Digital resolution (LSB count) <sup>(2)</sup>  | With ALS_GAIN = x 2, ALS_IT = 400 ms, PD_DIV4 = 4/4 PD    |                     | -                     | 0.0034  | -                    | lx/step       |
| Detectable maximum illuminance   | With ALS_GAIN = x 0.5, ALS_IT = 6.25 ms, PD_DIV4 = 1/4 PD | $E_{V\text{ max.}}$ | -                     | 228 000 | -                    | lx            |
| ALS dark offset <sup>(1)</sup>   | With ALS_GAIN = x 2, IT = 200 ms, PD_DIV4 = 4/4 PD        |                     | -                     | 4       | -                    | step          |
| IR dark offset <sup>(1)</sup>  | With ALS_GAIN = x 2, IT = 200 ms, PD_DIV4 = 4/4 PD        |                     | -                     | 4       | -                    | step          |

**Notes**

<sup>(1)</sup> Light conditions: dark

<sup>(2)</sup> Light conditions:  $E_V = 100\text{ lx}$  with 4300K white LED

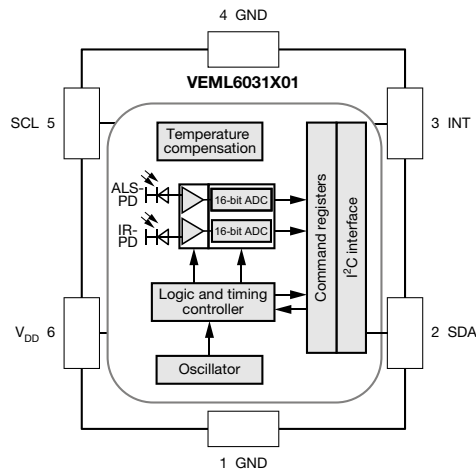
**CIRCUIT BLOCK DIAGRAM**


Fig. 1 - Block Diagram

| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C TIMING CHARACTERISTICS</b> ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified) |                 |                              |      |                          |      |               |
|---|-----------------|------------------------------|------|--------------------------|------|---------------|
| PARAMETER   | SYMBOL          | STANDARD MODE <sup>(1)</sup> |      | FAST MODE <sup>(1)</sup> |      | UNIT          |
|   |                 | MIN.                         | MAX. | MIN.                     | MAX. |               |
| Clock frequency   | $f_{(SMBCLK)}$  | 10                           | 100  | 10                       | 400  | kHz           |
| Bus free time between start and stop condition  | $t_{(BUF)}$     | 4.7                          | -    | 1.3                      | -    | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| Hold time after (repeated) start condition;<br>after this period, the first clock is generated                      | $t_{(HDSTA)}$   | 4.0                          | -    | 0.6                      | -    | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| Repeated start condition setup time   | $t_{(SUSTA)}$   | 4.7                          | -    | 0.6                      | -    | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| Stop condition setup time   | $t_{(SUSTO)}$   | 4.0                          | -    | 0.6                      | -    | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| Data hold time  | $t_{(HDDAT)}$   | 0                            | 3450 | 0                        | 900  | ns            |
| Data setup time   | $t_{(SUDAT)}$   | 250                          | -    | 100                      | -    | ns            |
| I <sup>2</sup> C clock (SCK) low period   | $t_{(LOW)}$     | 4.7                          | -    | 1.3                      | -    | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| I <sup>2</sup> C clock (SCK) high period  | $t_{(HIGH)}$    | 4.0                          | -    | 0.6                      | -    | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| Detect clock / data low timeout   | $t_{(TIMEOUT)}$ | 25                           | 35   | -                        | -    | ms            |
| Clock / data fall time  | $t_{(F)}$       | -                            | 300  | -                        | 300  | ns            |
| Clock / data rise time  | $t_{(R)}$       | -                            | 1000 | -                        | 300  | ns            |

**Note**

(1) Data based on standard I<sup>2</sup>C protocol requirement, not tested in production



Fig. 2 - I<sup>2</sup>C Timing Diagram

**PARAMETER TIMING INFORMATION**

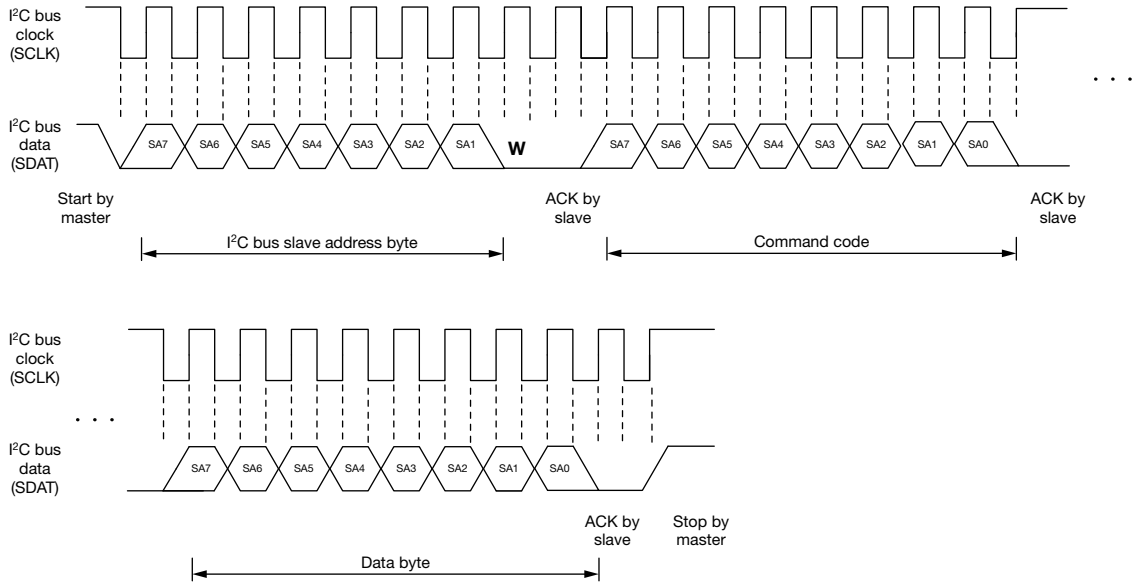


Fig. 3 - I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Timing for Sending Word Command Format

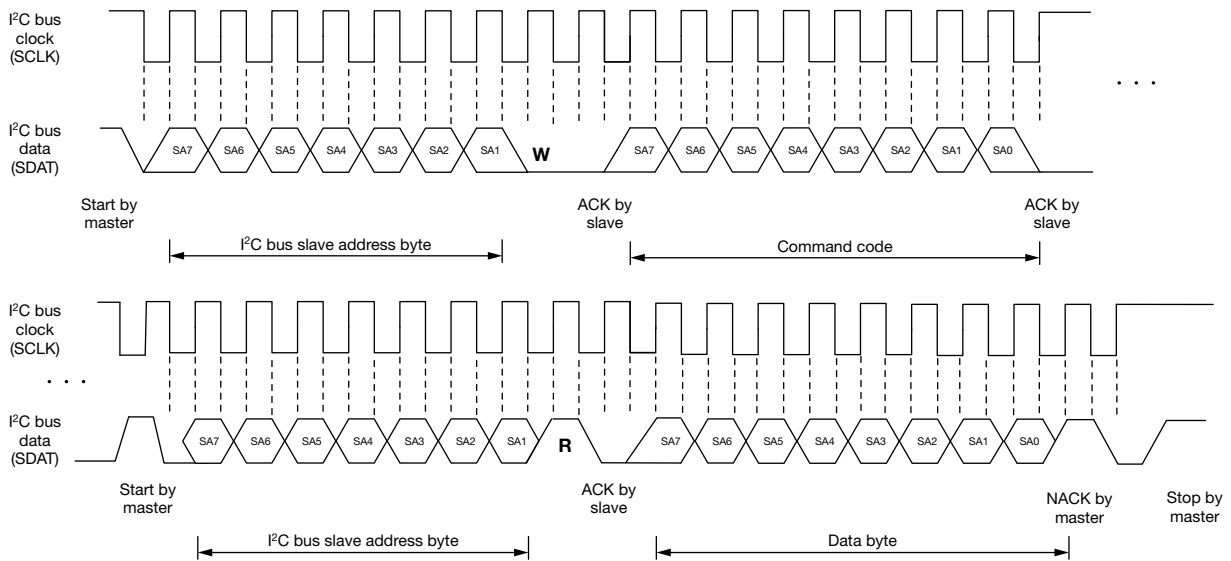


Fig. 4 - I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Timing for Receive Word Command Format

**BASIC CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

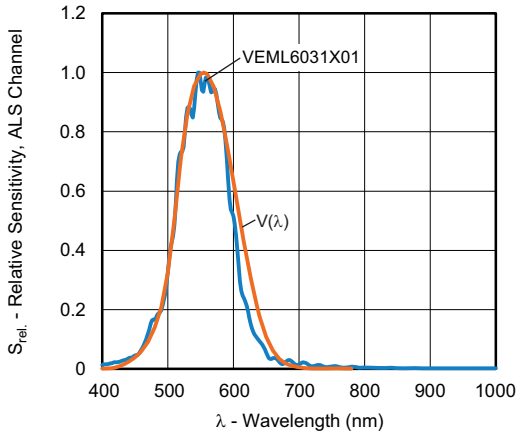


Fig. 5 - Relative Sensitivity, ALS Channel vs. Wavelength

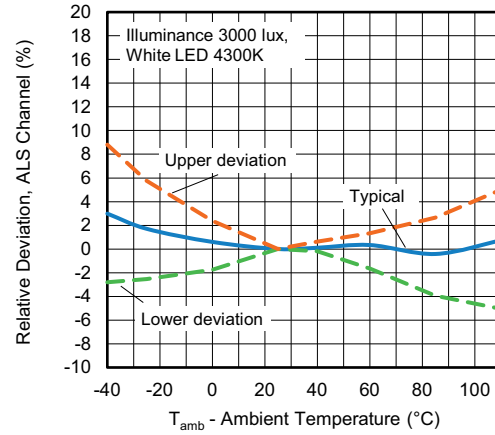


Fig. 8 - Relative Deviation, ALS Channel vs. Temperature (at lux levels lower than ~200 lux, dark current effects should be taken into account, ref. Fig. 9)

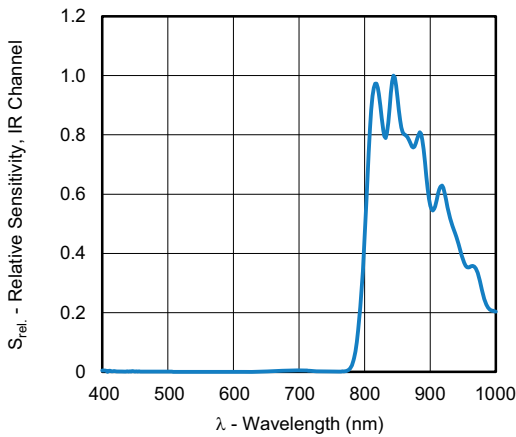


Fig. 6 - Relative Sensitivity, IR Channel vs. Wavelength

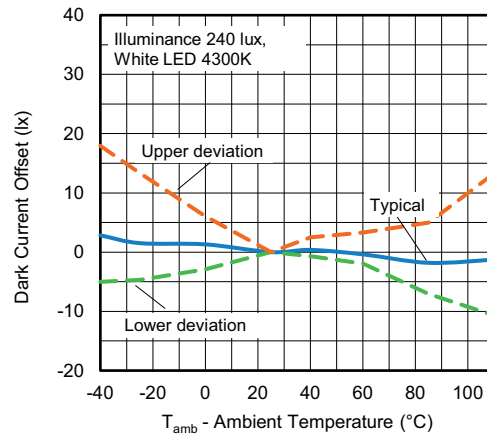


Fig. 9 - Dark Current Offset vs. Ambient Temperature

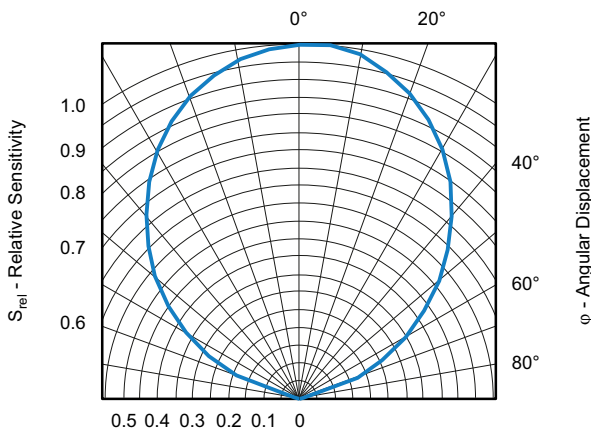


Fig. 7 - Relative Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement

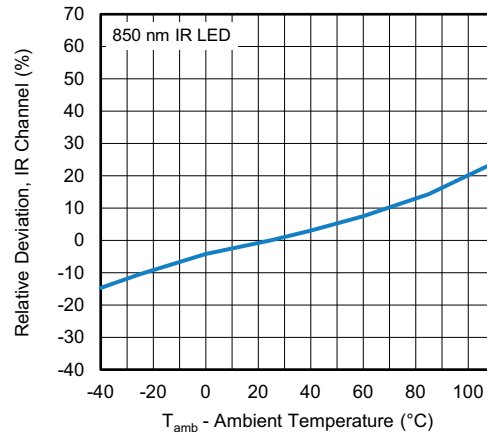


Fig. 10 - Relative Deviation IR Channel vs. Ambient Temperature

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

Special care must be taken into consideration when handling the VEML6031X01. VEML6031X01 is sensitive to dust and scratches, proper optical device handling procedures are recommended.

The optical surface of the device must be kept clean for optimal performance in both prototyping with the device and mass production manufacturing procedures. Tweezers with plastic or rubber contact surfaces are recommended to avoid scratches on the optical surface. Avoid manipulation with metal tools when possible. The optical surface must be kept clean of fingerprints, dust, and other optical-inhibiting contaminants.

If the device optical surface requires cleaning, the use of isopropyl alcohol is recommended. A few gentle brushes with a soft swab are appropriate. Avoid potentially abrasive cleaning and manipulating tools and excessive force that can scratch the optical surface.

If the VEML6031X01 performs less than optimally, inspect the optical surface for dirt, scratches, or other optical artifacts.

VEML6031X01 is a cost effective solution of ambient light sensor with I<sup>2</sup>C bus interface. The standard serial digital interface is easy to access “Ambient Light Signal” without complex calculation and programming by external controller. Beside the digital output also a flexible programmable interrupt pin is available.

### 1. Application Circuit

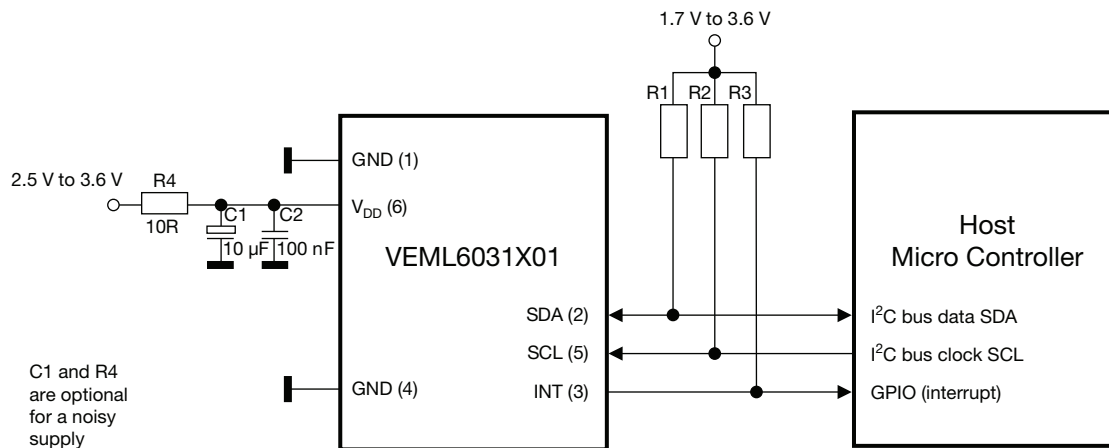


Fig. 11 - Application Circuit  
(x) = Pin Number

#### Notes

- The interrupt pin is an open drain output. Proposed values for the pull-up resistors should be > 1 kΩ, e.g. 2.2 kΩ to 4.7 kΩ for the R1 and R2 (at SDA and SCL) and 10 kΩ to 100 kΩ for R3 (at interrupt).
- Normally just one decoupling capacitor is needed. This should be ≥ 100 nF and placed close to the V<sub>DD</sub> pin.

For detailed description about set-up and use of the interrupt as well as more application related information see AN: “Designing VEML6031X01 into an Application”

**2. I<sup>2</sup>C Interface**

The VEML6031X01 has eighteen register addresses responsible for operation control, parameter setup and result buffering. All registers are accessible via I<sup>2</sup>C communication. Fig. 9 shows the basic I<sup>2</sup>C communication with VEML6031X01.

The built in I<sup>2</sup>C interface is compatible with I<sup>2</sup>C modes “standard” and “fast”: 10 kHz to 400 kHz.

Please refer to the I<sup>2</sup>C specification from NXP for details.

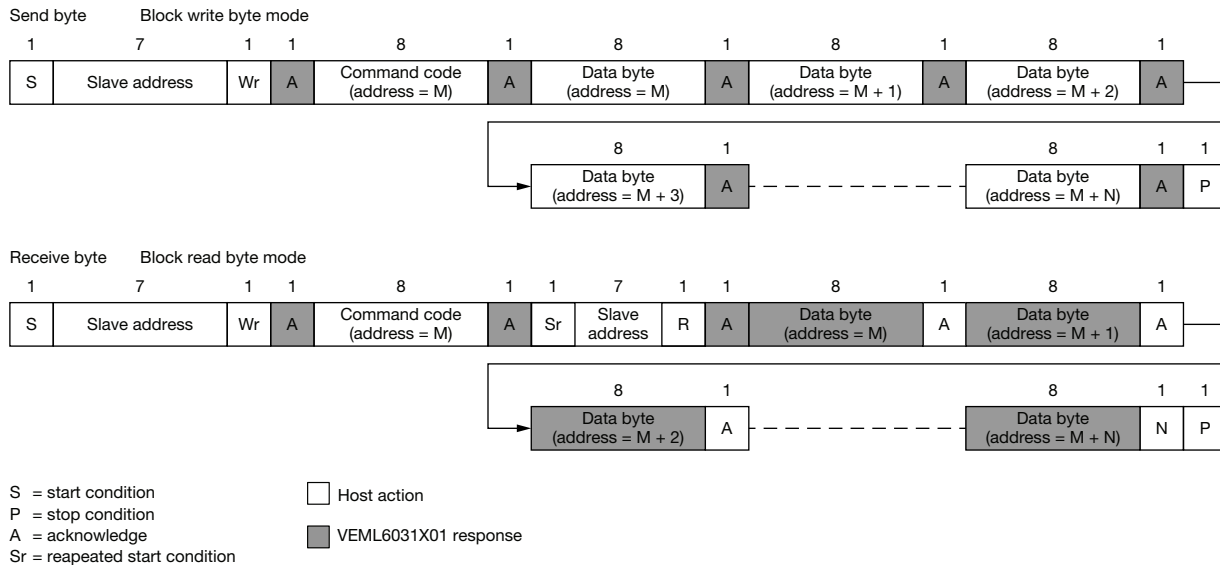


Fig. 12 - Send Byte / Receive Byte Protocol

**Device Address**

The VEML6031X01 is available in two different pre-configured slave addresses.

For one version the predefined 7 bit I<sup>2</sup>C bus address is set to 0101001 = 0x29. The least significant bit (LSB) defines read or write mode. Accordingly the bus address is set to 0101 0010 = 0x52 for write and 0101 0011 = 0x53 for read. The second version comes with predefined 7 bit I<sup>2</sup>C bus address of 0010000 = 0x10, so, here the write address is 0010 0000 = 0x20 for write and 0010 0001 = 0x21 for read.

**Register Addresses**

The VEML6031X01 has eighteen registers, accessible through their respective 8-bit command codes.

The registers are 0x00 to 0x17 (0x02 and 0x03, 0x08 to 0x0F and 0x16 are not defined / reserved). Note that due to the location of the two shutdown bits (SD and ALS\_IR\_SD), one in register 0x00 and the other in 0x01, it is necessary to always write to both registers at once when configuring the device.

**Auto-Memorization**

The VEML6031X01 stores the last measured ambient data before the device is shutdown, keeping the data accessible. When VEML6031X01 is in shutdown mode, the host can freely read this data via read command directly.



| COMMAND REGISTER FORMAT |               |       |               |  |       |
|-------------------------|---------------|-------|---------------|--|-------|
| COMMAND CODE            | REGISTER NAME | BIT   | DEFAULT VALUE | FUNCTION / DESCRIPTION                               | R / W |
| 0x00                    | ALS_CONF 0    | 0 : 7 | 0x01          | ALS integration time, measurement mode, shutdown     | R/W   |
| 0x01                    | ALS_CONF 1    | 0 : 7 | 0x00          | ALS and IR shutdown, ALS gain, interrupt persistence | R/W   |
| 0x04                    | ALS_WH_L      | 0 : 7 | 0x00          | ALS high threshold window setting (LSB)              | R/W   |
| 0x05                    | ALS_WH_H      | 0 : 7 | 0x00          | ALS high threshold window setting (MSB)              | R/W   |
| 0x06                    | ALS_WL_L      | 0 : 7 | 0x00          | ALS low threshold window setting (LSB)               | R/W   |
| 0x07                    | ALS_WL_H      | 0 : 7 | 0x00          | ALS low threshold window setting (MSB)               | R/W   |
| 0x10                    | ALS_DATA_L    | 0 : 7 | 0x00          | Low byte of 16-bit ALS result DATA                   | R     |
| 0x11                    | ALS_DATA_H    | 0 : 7 | 0x00          | High byte of 16-bit ALS result DATA                  | R     |
| 0x12                    | IR_DATA_L     | 0 : 7 | 0x00          | Low byte of 16-bit IR result DATA                    | R     |
| 0x13                    | IR_DATA_H     | 0 : 7 | 0x00          | High byte of 16-bit IR result DATA                   | R     |
| 0x14                    | ID_L          | 0 : 7 | 0x01          | ID code  | R     |
| 0x15                    | ID_H          | 0 : 7 | 0x00          | Package and version code                             | R     |
| 0x17                    | ALS_INT       | 0 : 7 | 0x00          | ALS INT trigger event                                | R     |

**Notes**

- Command code 0x00 default value is 0x01 = device is shutdown
- Command 0x00 and command 0x01 must be executed together, they cannot be executed independently

| TABLE 1 - REGISTER: ALS_CONF_0 - 0x00 |       |   |       |
|---------------------------------------|-------|---|-------|
| REGISTER NAME                         | BIT   | FUNCTION / DESCRIPTION  | R / W |
| Reserved                              | 7     | Must be set to "0"  | R / W |
| ALS_IT                                | 6 : 4 | ALS integration time setting<br>000 = 3.125 ms<br>001 = 6.25 ms<br>010 = 12.5 ms<br>011 = 25 ms<br>100 = 50 ms<br>101 = 100 ms<br>110 = 200 ms<br>111 = 400 ms    | R / W |
| ALS_AF                                | 3     | Active force mode enable setting<br>0 = AF disable<br>1 = AF enable<br>Once enabled, a single measurement can be triggered with the "ALS_TRIG" bit                | R / W |
| ALS_TRIG                              | 2     | ALS active force trigger setting<br>0 = no active force mode trigger<br>1 = trigger active force mode<br>This bit resets to "0" automatically after every trigger | R / W |
| ALS_INT_EN                            | 1     | ALS interrupt setting<br>0 = interrupt disable<br>1 = interrupt enable  | R / W |
| SD                                    | 0     | Band gap and LDO shutdown setting<br>0 = band gap and LDO on<br>1 = band gap and LDO shutdown (default)   | R / W |

**Note**

- Command code 0x00 default value is 0x01 = device is shutdown



**TABLE 2 - REGISTER: ALS\_CONF\_1 - 0x01**

| REGISTER NAME | BIT   | FUNCTION / DESCRIPTION   | R / W |
|---------------|-------|--|-------|
| ALS_IR_SD     | 7     | ALS and IR channel shutdown setting<br>0 = ALS and IR channels on<br>1 = ALS and IR channels shutdown  | R / W |
| PD_DIV4       | 6     | Effective photodiode size ALS and IR<br>0 = 4/4 PD used<br>1 = 1/4 PD used   | R / W |
| Reserved      | 5     | Reserved   | R / W |
| ALS_GAIN      | 4 : 3 | Gain selection<br>00 = ALS gain x1<br>01 = ALS gain x2<br>10 = ALS gain x 0.66<br>11 = ALS gain x 0.5  | R / W |
| ALS_PERS      | 2 : 1 | ALS persistence protect number setting<br>Number of persistent measurements above threshold to trigger the interrupt<br>00 = 1<br>01 = 2<br>10 = 4<br>11 = 8 | R / W |
| ALS_CAL       | 0     | Must be set to "1" when power on ready   | R / W |

**TABLE 3 - REGISTER: ALS\_WH - 0x04, 0x05**

| COMMAND CODE | REGISTER NAME | BIT   | FUNCTION / DESCRIPTION                             | R / W |
|--------------|---------------|-------|--|-------|
| 0x04         | ALS_WH_L      | 7 : 0 | ALS high threshold window setting (data byte low)  | R / W |
| 0x05         | ALS_WH_H      | 7 : 0 | ALS high threshold window setting (data byte high) | R / W |

**TABLE 4 - REGISTER: ALS\_WL - 0x06, 0x07**

| COMMAND CODE | REGISTER NAME | BIT   | FUNCTION / DESCRIPTION                            | R / W |
|--------------|---------------|-------|---|-------|
| 0x06         | ALS_WL_L      | 7 : 0 | ALS low threshold window setting (data byte low)  | R / W |
| 0x07         | ALS_WL_H      | 7 : 0 | ALS low threshold window setting (data byte high) | R / W |

**TABLE 5 - REGISTER: ALS\_DATA - 0x10, 0x11**

| COMMAND CODE | REGISTER NAME | BIT   | FUNCTION / DESCRIPTION              | R / W |
|--------------|---------------|-------|-------------------------------------|-------|
| 0x10         | ALS_DATA_L    | 7 : 0 | ALS result channel (data byte low)  | R     |
| 0x11         | ALS_DATA_H    | 7 : 0 | ALS result channel (data byte high) | R     |

**TABLE 6 - REGISTER: IR\_DATA - 0x12, 0x13**

| COMMAND CODE | REGISTER NAME | BIT   | FUNCTION / DESCRIPTION             | R / W |
|--------------|---------------|-------|------------------------------------|-------|
| 0x12         | IR_DATA_L     | 7 : 0 | IR result channel (data byte low)  | R     |
| 0x13         | IR_DATA_H     | 7 : 0 | IR result channel (data byte high) | R     |

**TABLE 7 - REGISTER: ID - 0x14, 0x15**

| COMMAND CODE | REGISTER NAME | BIT                     | FUNCTION / DESCRIPTION  | R / W |
|--------------|---------------|-------------------------|---|-------|
| 0x14         | ID_L          | 7 : 0                   | ID code: 0x01   | R     |
| 0x15         | ID_H          | 7 : 6<br>5 : 4<br>3 : 0 | Package code: 00<br>Slave address: 00 = 0x29; 01 = 0x10<br>Version code: 0000 = A01 | R     |

**TABLE 8 - REGISTER: ALS\_INT - 0x17**

| REGISTER NAME     | BIT   | FUNCTION / DESCRIPTION                | R / W |
|-------------------|-------|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Reserved          | 7 : 4 | Reserved                              | R     |
| ALS_AF_DATA_READY | 3     | ALS active force mode data ready flag | R     |
| ALS_IF_L          | 2     | ALS low threshold INT flag            | R     |
| ALS_IF_H          | 1     | ALS high threshold INT flag           | R     |
| Reserved          | 0     | Reserved                              | R     |

**CALCULATING THE LUX LEVEL**

Command code 0x10 and 0x11 contain the results of the ALS measurement. This 16-bit code needs to be converted to a decimal value to determine the corresponding lux value. The calculation of the corresponding lux level is dependent on the programmed gain setting and the chosen integration time.

The component is most sensitive with ALS\_GAIN = x2, PD\_DIV4 = 4/4 and an integration time of 400 ms, specified to 0.0034 lx/step.

Every time the integration time is halved, the resolution is doubled but also the possible detection range is doubled.

The same principle is valid for the gain setting. For ALS\_GAIN = x1 it is doubled. For PD\_DIV4 = 1/4 the size of the photodiode is just 1/4, so, also the sensitivity is just 1/4, resolution and max. possible detection range is times 4, to allow for higher illuminations up to about 228 klx.

**TABLE 9 - RESOLUTION AND MAXIMUM DETECTION RANGE AT PD\_DIV4 = 0 (= x 4/4)**

| IT (ms) | GAIN x 2                    | GAIN x 1 | GAIN x 0.66 | GAIN x 0.5 |  | GAIN x 2                           | GAIN x 1           | GAIN x 0.66        | GAIN x 0.5         |
|---------|-----------------------------|----------|-------------|------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
|         | TYPICAL RESOLUTION (lx/cnt) |          |             |            |  | MAXIMUM POSSIBLE ILLUMINATION (lx) |                    |                    |                    |
| 400     | 0.0034                      | 0.0068   | 0.0103      | 0.0136     |  | 223                                | 446                | 675                | 891                |
| 200     | 0.0068                      | 0.0136   | 0.0206      | 0.0272     |  | 446                                | 891                | 1350               | 1783               |
| 100     | 0.0136                      | 0.0272   | 0.0412      | 0.0544     |  | 891                                | 1783               | 2701               | 3565               |
| 50      | 0.0272                      | 0.0544   | 0.0824      | 0.1088     |  | 1783                               | 3565               | 5402               | 7130               |
| 25      | 0.0544                      | 0.1088   | 0.1648      | 0.2176     |  | 3565                               | 7130               | 10803              | 14260              |
| 12.5    | 0.1088                      | 0.2176   | 0.3297      | 0.4352     |  | 7130                               | 14260              | 21607              | 28521              |
| 6.25    | 0.2176                      | 0.4352   | 0.6594      | 0.8704     |  | 14260                              | 28521              | 43213              | 57042              |
| 3.125   | 0.4352                      | 0.8704   | 1.3188      | 1.7408     |  | (-) <sup>(1)</sup>                 | (-) <sup>(1)</sup> | (-) <sup>(1)</sup> | (-) <sup>(1)</sup> |

**TABLE 10 - RESOLUTION AND MAXIMUM DETECTION RANGE AT PD\_DIV4 = 1 (= x 1/4)**

| IT (ms) | GAIN x 2                    | GAIN x 1 | GAIN x 0.66 | GAIN x 0.5 |  | GAIN x 2                           | GAIN x 1           | GAIN x 0.66        | GAIN x 0.5         |
|---------|-----------------------------|----------|-------------|------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
|         | TYPICAL RESOLUTION (lx/cnt) |          |             |            |  | MAXIMUM POSSIBLE ILLUMINATION (lx) |                    |                    |                    |
| 400     | 0.0136                      | 0.0272   | 0.0412      | 0.0544     |  | 891                                | 1783               | 2701               | 3565               |
| 200     | 0.0272                      | 0.0544   | 0.0824      | 0.1088     |  | 1783                               | 3565               | 5402               | 7130               |
| 100     | 0.0544                      | 0.1088   | 0.1648      | 0.2176     |  | 3565                               | 7130               | 10803              | 14260              |
| 50      | 0.1088                      | 0.2176   | 0.3297      | 0.4352     |  | 7130                               | 14260              | 21607              | 28521              |
| 25      | 0.2176                      | 0.4352   | 0.6594      | 0.8704     |  | 14260                              | 28521              | 43213              | 57042              |
| 12.5    | 0.4352                      | 0.8704   | 1.3188      | 1.7408     |  | 28521                              | 57042              | 86427              | 114083             |
| 6.25    | 0.8704                      | 1.7408   | 2.6376      | 3.4816     |  | 57042                              | 114083             | 172854             | 228167             |
| 3.125   | 1.7408                      | 3.4816   | 5.2752      | 6.9632     |  | (-) <sup>(1)</sup>                 | (-) <sup>(1)</sup> | (-) <sup>(1)</sup> | (-) <sup>(1)</sup> |

**Note**

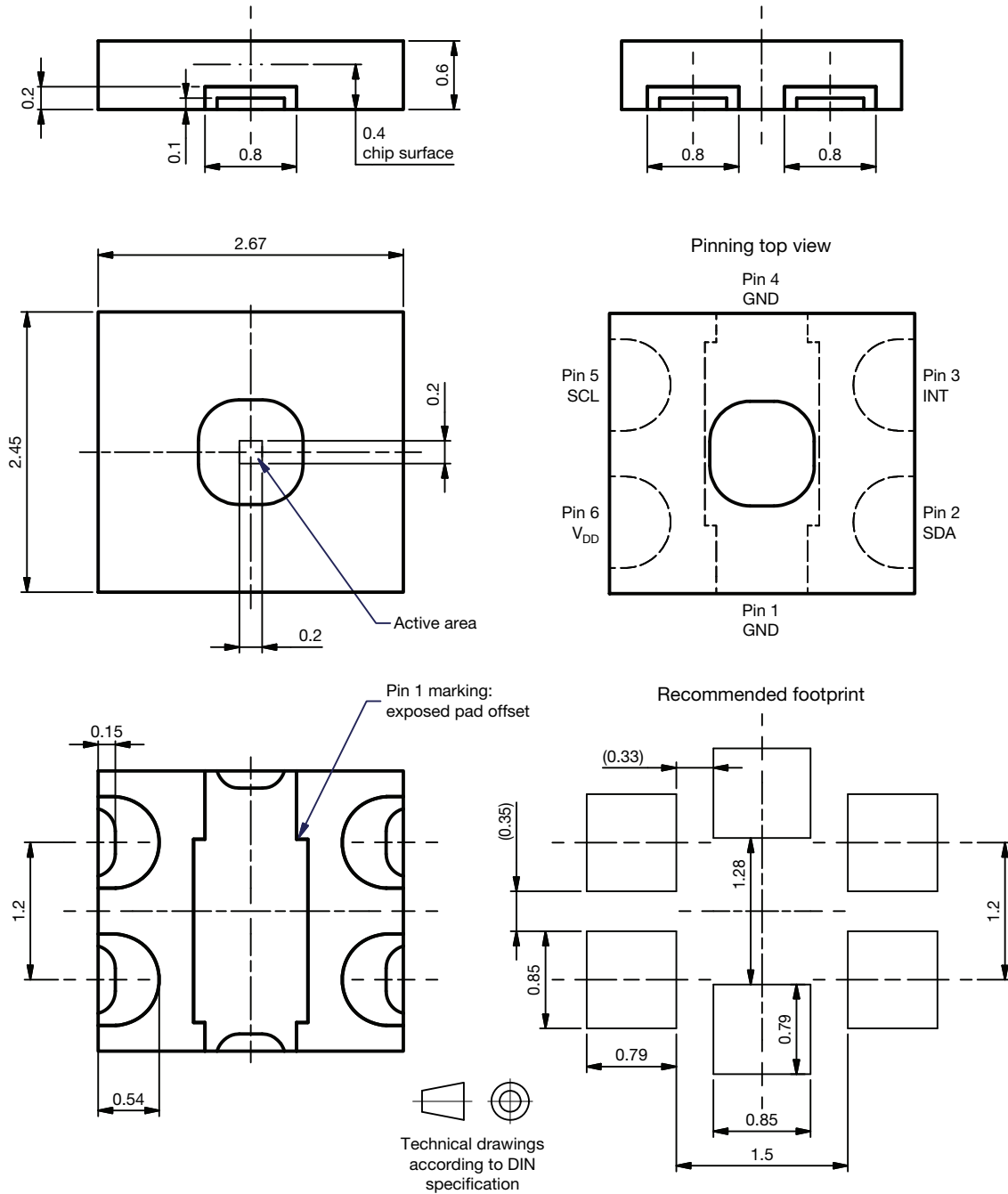
<sup>(1)</sup> For integration time of 3.125 ms the maximum count level is no longer 16 bit, so, half the integration time no longer leads to double the max. lux level

Example:

If the 16-bit word of the ALS data shows: 0000 0101 1100 1000 = 1480 (dec.), the programmed ALS\_GAIN = x1, PD\_DIV4 = 4/4 (= x1) and ALS\_IT = 100 ms, the corresponding lux level is: light level (lx) = 1480 x 0.0272 = 40.256 lx.



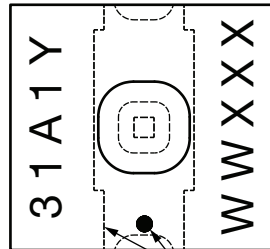
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS in millimeters



Drawing No.: 6.550-5357.01-4  
Issue: 1; 14.04.2021

All dimensions in mm incl. burrs  
Not indicated tolerances ± 0.1

**MARKING AND PIN 1 IDENTIFICATION**

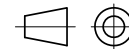


31: device type  
 A: address option (0, 1)  
 1: qualification (1 = AEC-Q101)  
 Y: year  
 WW: week  
 XXX: lot number

Pin 1 marking  
 dot marking on top side  
 elongated feature on bottom side

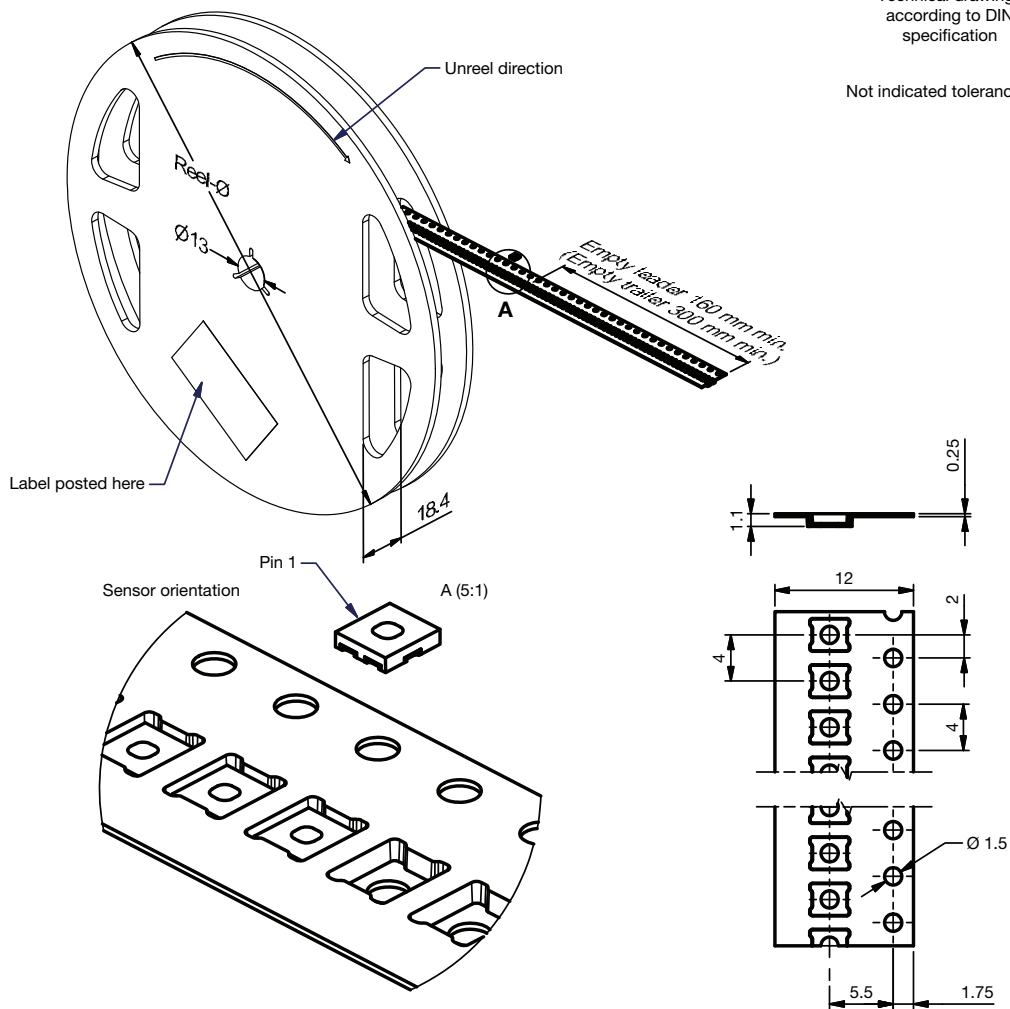
**TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS** in millimeters

Reel size:  
 VEML6031:  $\varnothing$  180 mm  $\pm$  2 mm = 3000 pcs.  
 VEML6031-GS 15:  $\varnothing$  330 mm  $\pm$  2 mm = 10 000 pcs.  
 Reel design is representative for different types.



Technical drawings  
 according to DIN  
 specification

Not indicated tolerances  $\pm$  0.1



Drawing No.: 9.800-5148.01-4  
 Issue: preliminary; 16.10.19



**DRYPACK**

Devices are packed in moisture barrier bags (MBB) to prevent the products from moisture absorption during transportation and storage. Each bag contains a desiccant.

**FLOOR LIFE**

Floor life (time between soldering and removing from MBB) must not exceed the time indicated on MBB label:

Floor life: 4 weeks

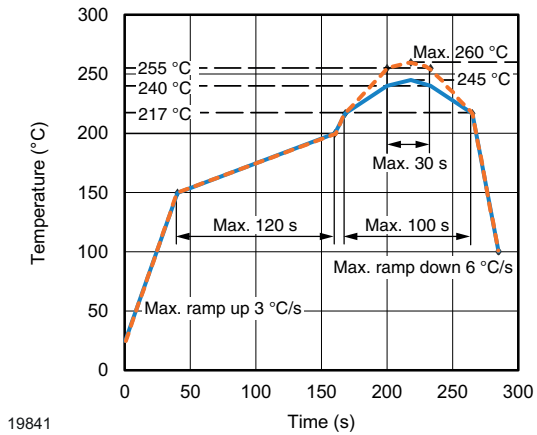
Conditions:  $T_{amb} < 30\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , RH < 60 %

Moisture sensitivity level 2a, according to J-STD-020.

**DRYING**

In case of moisture absorption devices should be baked before soldering. Conditions see J-STD-020 or label. Devices taped on reel dry using recommended conditions 192 h at 40 °C (+ 5 °C), RH < 5 %.

**REFLOW SOLDER PROFILE**



19841

Fig. 13 - Lead (Pb)-free Reflow Solder Profile According to J-STD-020



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