AUTOMOTIVE GRADE

ROHS

HALOGEN

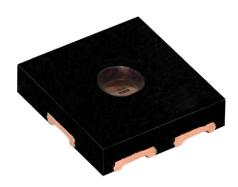
FREE

GREEN (5-2008)



# Vishay Semiconductors

# High Accuracy RGBIR Color Sensor With I<sup>2</sup>C Interface



## **LINKS TO ADDITIONAL RESOURCES**







#### **DESCRIPTION**

VEML6046X00 is a high accuracy color digital 16-bit resolution sensor in a miniature opaque 2.67 mm x 2.45 mm package. It includes a high sensitive photodiodes, a low noise amplifier, a 16-bit A/D converter and supports an easy to use  $I^2C$  bus communication interface and additional interrupt feature.

### **FEATURES**

- Package type: surface-mount
- Dimensions (L x W x H in mm): 2.67 x 2.45 x 0.6
- AEC-Q100 qualified
- Integrated modules: RGBIR
- Supply voltage range V<sub>DD</sub>: 2.5 V to 3.6 V
- Communication via I2C interface
- I<sup>2</sup>C bus H-level range: 1.7 V to 3.6 V
- Floor life: 4 weeks, MSL 2a, according to J-STD-020E
- Low shutdown by current consumption: typ. 0.5 μA
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see <a href="https://www.vishay.com/doc?99912">www.vishay.com/doc?99912</a>

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- · RGBIR sensor in automotive for
  - Display backlight controls
  - Infotainment systems
  - Rear view mirror dimming
  - Interior lighting control systems
  - Head-up displays
  - Color recognition
  - CCT measurement
  - Mood lighting

PRODUCT SU	PRODUCT SUMMARY									
PART NUMBER	OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE (V)	I <sup>2</sup> C BUS VOLTAGE RANGE (V)	PEAK SENSITIVITY (nm)	AMBIENT LIGHT RANGE (lx)	AMBIENT LIGHT RESOLUTION (lx)	OUTPUT CODE	ADC RESOLUTION PROXIMITY / AMBIENT LIGHT			
VEML6046X00	2.5 to 3.6	1.7 to 3.6	600, 550, 470, 820 (R, G, B, IR)	0 to 176 000	0.0053	16 bit, I <sup>2</sup> C	- / 16 bit			

ORDERING IN	ORDERING INFORMATION								
ORDERING CODE	SLAVE ADDRESS (7 BIT)	PACKAGING	VOLUME (1)	REMARKS					
VEML6046X00	0x29	Tape and reel	MOQ: 3000	2.67 mm x 2.45 mm x 0.6 mm					

#### Note

(1) MOQ: minimum order quantity

<b>ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS</b> (T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)										
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT					
Supply voltage		$V_{DD}$	0	3.6	V					
Ambient temperature range		T <sub>amb</sub>	-40	+110	°C					
Storage temperature range		T <sub>stg</sub>	-40	+110	°C					
Total power dissipation	T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ 25 °C	P <sub>tot</sub>	-	50	mW					
Junction temperature		Tj	-	+110	°C					



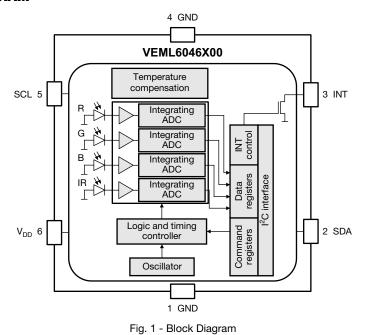
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
ASIC					•		
Supply voltage		$V_{DD}$	2.5	3.3	3.6	V	
	Shutdown state (1); V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>BUS</sub>		-	0.5	-		
Supply current	Shutdown state <sup>(1)</sup> ; V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>BUS</sub> = 3.0 V		-	-	1.2		
Supply current	Shutdown state $^{(1)}$ ; $V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V}$ , $V_{BUS} = 1.7 \text{ V}$	I <sub>DD</sub>	-	3.1	-	μA	
	Active state; V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V		-	370	-		
I <sup>2</sup> C clock rate range		$f_{SCL}$	10	ı	400	kHz	
I <sup>2</sup> C signal input, logic high	$V_{BUS} = V_{DD}$	$V_{IH}$	0.7 x V <sub>BUS</sub>	ı	3.6	V	
	$V_{BUS} \neq V_{DD}$	VIH	0.85 x V <sub>BUS</sub>	-	-		
I <sup>2</sup> C signal input, logic low	$V_{BUS} = V_{DD}$		-0.3	-	0.3 x V <sub>BUS</sub>	V	
1-C signal input, logic low	$V_{BUS} \neq V_{DD}$	$V_{IL}$	-0.3	-	0.2 x V <sub>BUS</sub>	V	
Digital current out (low, current sink)		l <sub>ol</sub>	3	-	-	mA	
Digital resolution (LSB count)	With RGB_GAIN = x 2, RGB_IT = 400 ms, RGB_PDDIV = 2/2 PD		-	0.0053	-	lx/count	
Detectable maximum illuminance	With RGB_GAIN = $\times$ 0.5, RGB_IT = 6.25 ms, RGB_PDDIV = 1/2 PD	E <sub>V max.</sub>	-	176 000	-	lx	
		R	-	2	-		
Dark offset (2)	With RGB_GAIN = $x$ 1, RGB_IT = 400 ms,	G	-	2	-	step	
Dain Offset V	RGB_PDDIV = 2/2 PD	В	-	2	-	siep	
		IR	-	2	-		

#### Notes

 $^{(1)}$  Light conditions:  $E_V = 100 lx$  with 4300K white LED

(2) Light conditions: dark

## **CIRCUIT BLOCK DIAGRAM**



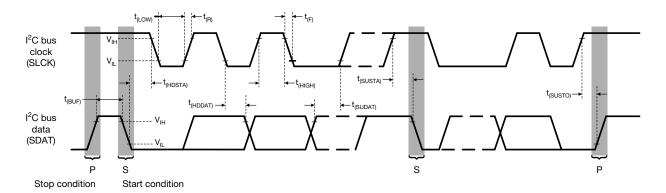
Rev. 1.3, 12-Mar-2025 **2** Document Number: 80173

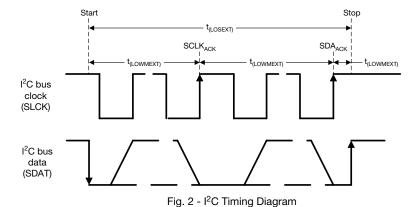


I <sup>2</sup> C TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (T <sub>2</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)									
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	STANDAR	D MODE (1)	FAST M	UNIT					
PANAIVIETEN	STIVIBOL	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	ONII				
Clock frequency	f <sub>(SMBCLK)</sub>	10	100	10	400	kHz				
Bus free time between start and stop condition	t <sub>(BUF)</sub>	4.7	-	1.3	-	μs				
Hold time after (repeated) start condition; after this period, the first clock is generated	t <sub>(HDSTA)</sub>	4.0	-	0.6	-	μs				
Repeated start condition setup time	t <sub>(SUSTA)</sub>	4.7	-	0.6	-	μs				
Stop condition setup time	t <sub>(SUSTO)</sub>	4.0	-	0.6	-	μs				
Data hold time	t <sub>(HDDAT)</sub>	0	3450	0	900	ns				
Data setup time	t <sub>(SUDAT)</sub>	250	-	100	-	ns				
I <sup>2</sup> C clock (SCK) low period	t <sub>(LOW)</sub>	4.7	-	1.3	-	μs				
I <sup>2</sup> C clock (SCK) high period	t <sub>(HIGH)</sub>	4.0	-	0.6	-	μs				
Detect clock / data low timeout	t <sub>(TIMEOUT)</sub>	25	35	-	-	ms				
Clock / data fall time	t <sub>(F)</sub>	- 1	300	1	300	ns				
Clock / data rise time	t <sub>(R)</sub>	-	1000	-	300	ns				

#### Note

<sup>(1)</sup> Data based on standard I<sup>2</sup>C protocol requirement, not tested in production





## **PARAMETER TIMING INFORMATION**

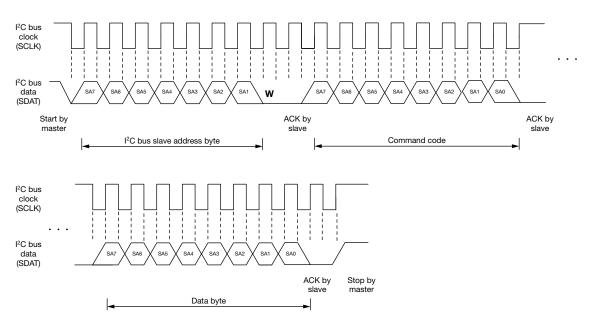


Fig. 3 - I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Timing for Sending Word Command Format

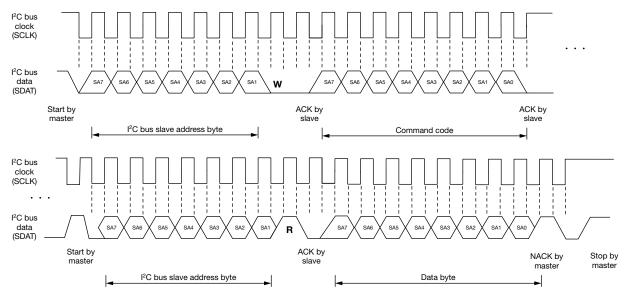


Fig. 4 - I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Timing for Receive Word Command Format

## BASIC CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

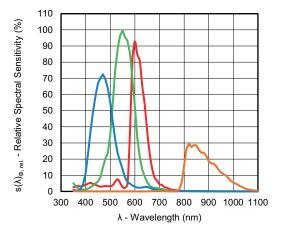


Fig. 5 - Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength

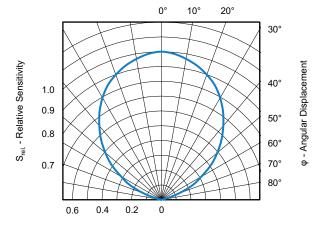


Fig. 6 - Relative Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement

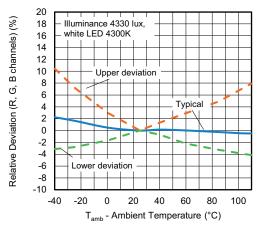


Fig. 7 - Relative Deviation (R, G, B Channels) vs. Temperature (at illumination levels lower than ~200 lux, dark current effects should be taken into account)

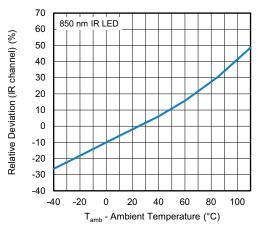


Fig. 8 - Relative Deviation (IR Channel) vs. Ambient Temperature



## **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

## 1. Application Circuit

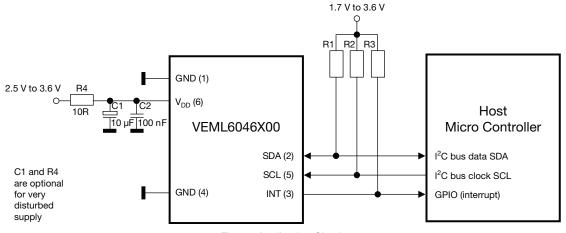


Fig. 9 - Application Circuit (x) = Pin Number

#### **Notes**

- The interrupt pin is an open drain output. Proposed values for the pull-up resistors should be > 1 k $\Omega$ , e.g. 2.2 k $\Omega$  to 4.7 k $\Omega$  for the R1 and R2 (at SDA and SCL) and 10 k $\Omega$  to 100 k $\Omega$  for R3 (at interrupt).
- Normally just one decoupling capacitor is needed. This should be ≥ 100 nF and placed close to the V<sub>DD</sub> pin.
   For detailed description about set-up and use of the interrupt as well as more application related information see AN: "Designing VEML6046X00 into an Application"



### 2. I2C Write and Read Protocol

The VEML6046X00 has 17 register addresses responsible for operation control, parameter setup and result buffering. All registers are accessible via I<sup>2</sup>C communication. Fig. 10 shows the basic I<sup>2</sup>C communication with VEML6046X00.

The built in I<sup>2</sup>C interface is compatible with I<sup>2</sup>C modes "standard" and "fast": 10 kHz to 400 kHz.

Please refer to the I<sup>2</sup>C specification from NXP for details.

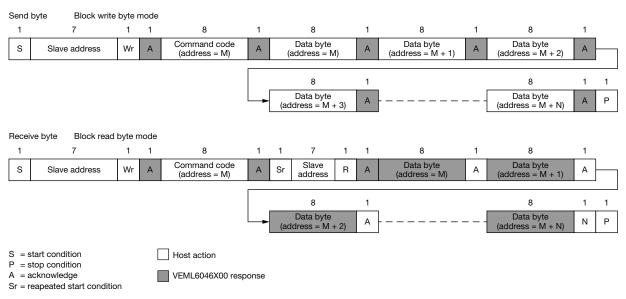


Fig. 10 - Send Byte / Receive Byte Protocol

#### REGISTER INFORMATION

#### **Device Address**

The VEML6046X00 is available in one preconfigured slave address. The predefined 7 bit  $I^2C$  bus address is set to 0101001 = 0x29. The least significant bit (LSB) defines read or write mode. Accordingly the bus address is set to 0101 0010 = 0x52 for write and 0101 0011 = 0x53 for read.

TABLE 1 - SLAVE ADDRESS TABLE							
7 BIT SLAVE ADDRESS	8 BIT SLAVE ADDRESS						
0x29	0x52 (Write)	0x53 (Read)					

#### **Register Addresses**

The VEML6046X00 has 17 registers, accessible through there respective 8-bit command codes.

Note that due to the location of the two shutdown bits (RGB\_ON\_0 and RGB\_ON\_1), one in register 0x00 and the other in 0x01, it is necessary to always write to both registers at once when configuring the device.

#### **Auto-Memorization**

The VEML6046X00 stores the last measured RGB and IR data before the device is shutdown, keeping the data accessible.

When VEML6046X00 is in shutdown mode, the host can freely read this data via read command directly.

When VEML6046X00 wakes up, the data will be refreshed once a new measurement is made.



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TABLE 2	- COMMAN	D CODE AND RE	GISTER	DESCRIPTION		
COMMAND CODE	DATA BYTE LOW / HIGH	REGISTER NAME	DEFAULT VALUE	FUNCTION	ACCESS	
				Set the integration time		
0x00		RGB CONF 0	0x01	Measurement mode of the sensor		
0000	-	NGB_CONF_U	0.01	Enable interupt function of the green channel		
				Switch the sensor on / off		
				Switch the sensor on / off	Write	
0x01	-	RGB_CONF_1	0x80	GAIN and photodiode size setting	and	
				Interrupt persistance counter	read	
0x04	Low	G_THDH_L	0x00	Green channel high threshold window setting (low byte)		
0x05	High	G_THDH_H	0x00	Green channel high threshold window setting (high byte)		
0x06	Low	G_THDL_L	0x00	Green channel low threshold window setting (low byte)		
0x07	High	G_THDL_H	0x00	Green channel low threshold window setting (high byte)		
0x10	Low	R_DATA_L	0x00	Low byte of 16-bit red channel result data		
0x11	High	R_DATA_H	0x00	High byte of 16-bit red channel result data		
0x12	Low	G_DATA_L	0x00	Low byte of 16-bit green channel result data		
0x13	High	G_DATA_H	0x00	High byte of 16-bit green channel result data		
0x14	Low	B_DATA_L	0x00	Low byte of 16-bit blue channel result data		
0x15	High	B_DATA_H	0x00	High byte of 16-bit blue channel result data	Read	
0x16	Low	IR_DATA_L	0x00	Low byte of 16-bit IR channel result data	only	
0x17	High	IR_DATA_H	0x00	High byte of 16-bit IR channel result data		
0x18	Low	VEML6046X00_ID_L	0x01	ID code		
0x19	High	VEML6046X00_ID_H	0x00	ID code		
0x1A	0x1A Low INT_FLAG		0x00	Reserved		
0x1B	High	INT_FLAG	0x00	Interrupt and active force mode event flag		

### Notes

- Command code 0x00 default value is 0x01 = device is shutdown
- · Command 0x00 and command 0x01 must be executed together, they cannot be executed independently

TABLE 3 -	REGISTER	NAME: RGB_C	ONF_0						
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
Reserved		RGB_IT		RGB_MODE	RGB_TRIG	G_INT	RGB_ON_0		
		COMMAND COD	E			0x00			
BIT N	IAME	FUNC	TION	BIT	VALUE	DESCR	IPTION		
Rese	erved	Rese	erved	7	0x0 (0b0)	Should be l	DESCRIPTION Should be kept default 400 ms 200 ms 100 ms 50 ms 25 ms 12.5 ms 6.25 ms 3.125 ms (default) Active force mode Auto mode (default)		
					0x7 (0b111)	400	ms		
					0x6 (0b110)	200 ms 100 ms 50 ms 25 ms 12.5 ms 6.25 ms 3.125 ms (default)			
DOD IT					0x5 (0b101)				
		Cat the inte	gration time	6 : 4 0x4 (0b100) 50 ms		ms			
ndi	RGB_IT		gradon dine	0.4	0x3 (0b011)	25			
					0x2 (0b010)	12.5	12.5 ms		
					0x1 (0b001)	100 ms 50 ms 25 ms 12.5 ms 6.25 ms 3.125 ms (default)			
					0x0 (0b000)	3.125 ms	(default)		
DCB.	MODE	Set the measu	rement mode	3	0x1 (0b1)	Active fo	rce mode		
hub_i	WIODE	of the	sensor	3					
			rce mode trigger;		0x1 (0b1)	Trig	ger		
RGB_	TRIG		reset to 0 after ement cycle	2	0x0 (0b0)	Off (default)			
G	INIT	Enable / disab	le the interrupt	1	0x1 (0b1)	Ena	able		
G_	IIN I	function of the	green channel	<u>'</u>	0x0 (0b0)	Disable	(default)		
RGB_	ON_0	and RGB_ON_1 r	on / off (RGB_ON_0 must be executed	0	0x1 (0b1)	Turn off the sensor (shutdow (default)			
		together to st	art the sensor)		0x0 (0b0)	Turn on t	ne sensor		

### Note

• Command code 0x00 default value is 0x01 = device is shutdown



TABLE 4 -	REGISTER	NAME: RGB_C	ONF_1					
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
RGB_ON_1	RGB_PDDIV	Reserved	RGB_G	iAIN	G_F	PERS	RGB_CAL	
		COMMAND COD	E			0x01		
BIT N	IAME	FUNC	TION	BIT	VALUE	DESCF	RIPTION	
RGB_	_ON_1	Switch the sensor of and RGB_ON_1 r	nust be executed	7	0x1 (0b1)	Turn off the sensor (shutdown) (default)		
		together to sta	art the sensor)		0x0 (0b0)	Turn on t	he sensor	
DCD.	DDDIV	Set the effective	photodiode size	6	0x1 (0b1)	1/2 PD used		
NGB_	RGB_PDDIV		and IR channel	O	0x0 (0b0)	DESCRIPTION  Turn off the sensor (shutdown) (default)  Turn on the sensor  1/2 PD used  2/2 PD used  Should be kept default  Gain x0.5  Gain x0.66  Gain x2  Gain x1  8 times  4 times		
Rese	erved	Rese	erved	5	0x0 (0b0)	Should be kept default		
				0x3 (0b11) Gain x0.5		x0.5		
DOD	CAIN	Cat that are in	-f.th - DOD	4:3	0x2 (0b10)	Gain x0.5 Gain x0.66		
RGB_	_GAIN	Set the gain	of the RGB	4:3	0x1 (0b01)			
					0x0 (0b00)	Should be kept default Gain x0.5 Gain x0.66 Gain x2 Gain x1 8 times		
					0x3 (0b11)	8 tii	mes	
0.0	IEDO	Set the amount		2:1	0x2 (0b10)	4 times		
G_P	ERS	threshold crossing to trigger		2:1	0x1 (0b01)	2 ti	mes	
					0x0 (0b00)	1 time	(default)	
RGB.	RGB CAL		Enable / disable internal calibration		0x1 (0b1)		be set to "1" er on ready)	
		after power on			0x0 (0b0)	Disable (default)		

TABLE 5 - REGISTER NAME: G_THDH									
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
G_THDH_L									
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
	G_THDH_H								
COMMAND	BIT NAME	FUNC	TION	BIT	VALUE	DESCRIPTION			
0x04	G_THDH_L	Set the high thr	Set the high threshold interrupt		0 to 65 535	Low byte			
0x05	G_THDH_H	value of the green channel		7:0	0 10 05 555	High byte			

TABLE 6 - REGISTER NAME: G_THDL									
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
G_THDL_L									
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
			G_TH	DL_H					
COMMAND	BIT NAME	FUNC	TION	BIT	VALUE	DESCR	IPTION		
0x06	G_THDL_L	Set the low threshold interrupt value		7:0	0 to 65 535	Low byte			
0x07	G_THDL_H			7:0	0 10 05 555	High byte			

TABLE 7 -	TABLE 7 - REGISTER NAME: R_DATA										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
R_DATA_L											
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
	R_DATA_H										
COMMAND	BIT NAME	FUNC	TION	BIT	VALUE	DESCRIPTION					
0x10	R_DATA_L	Read the red channel output data		7:0	0 to 65 535	Low byte					
0x11	R_DATA_H			7:0	0 10 03 333	High byte					



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TABLE 8 -	REGISTER N	AME: G_DA1	ΓΑ							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
G_DATA_L										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
	G_DATA_H									
COMMAND BIT NAME FUNCTION				BIT	VALUE	DESCR	IPTION			
0x12	G_DATA_L	Read the green channel output data		7:0	0 to 65 535	Low byte				
0x13	G_DATA_H			7:0	0 10 03 333	High byte				

TABLE 9 -	REGISTER N	AME: B_DAT	ΈΑ						
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
B_DATA_L									
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
			B_DA	TA_H					
COMMAND	COMMAND BIT NAME FUNCTION BIT VALUE DESCRIPTION								
0x14	B_DATA_L	Read the b	lue channel	7:0	0 to 65 535		ow byte		
0x15	B_DATA_H	output data		7:0	0 10 05 555	High byte			

TABLE 10	- REGISTER	NAME: IR_D	ATA						
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
IR_DATA_L									
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
			IR_DA	TA_H					
COMMAND	COMMAND BIT NAME FUNCTION BIT VALUE DESCRIPTION								
0x16	IR_DATA_L	Read the IR channel output data		7:0	0 to 65 535	Low byte			
0x17	IR_DATA_H			7:0	0 10 03 333	High byte			

TABLE 11	- REGISTER	NAME: VEM	L6046X00_II	D					
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
VEML6046X00_ID_L									
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
			VEML6046	6X00_ID_H					
COMMAND	BIT	IAME	FUNCTION	BIT	VALUE	DESCR	IDTION		
					171202	5200	IF I IOI		
0x18	VEML604	6X00_ID_L	Read the	7:0	0x01 (0b00000001)		kept default		

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TABLE 12	- REGISTER N	NAME: INT_F	LAG				
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
			Rese	rved			_
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5 Bit 4		Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Reserved				AF_DATA_READY	G_IF_L	G_IF_H	Reserved
COMMAND BIT NAME FUNCTION				BIT	VALUE	DESCR	RIPTION
0x1A	Reserved	Rese	erved	7:0	0x00 (0b0000000)	Should be l	kept default
	Reserved		Reserved		0x0 (0b0000)	Should be kept default	
	AF DATA READY	Data ready flag active force mode		3	0x1 (0b1)	Data ready flag available	
	AF_DATA_NEADT				0x0 (0b0)	Data ready flag not available	
Ov1P	G_IF_L		Low threshold interupt flag		0x1 (0b1)	Low threshold crossing interrupt event flag for the green channel	
OXID					0x0 (0b0)	No low threshold crossing	
	G_IF_H		High threshold interupt flag		0x1 (0b1)	High thresh interrupt ev the greer	old crossing vent flag for n channel
					0x0 (0b0)	No high threshold crossing	
	Reserved	Rese	erved	0	0x0 (0b0)	Should be I	kept default

## **CALCULATING THE LUX LEVEL**

Command code 0x12 and 0x13 contain the results of the green channel measurement. The value of the green channel can be used to calculated the corresponding illumination. Therefor, the 16-bit code needs to be converted to a decimal value to determine the corresponding lux value. The calculation of the corresponding lux level is dependent on the programmed gain setting and the chosen integration time.

TABLE	13 - RESC	<b>DLUTION</b>	XAM DNA	IMUM DE	TECT	ION RANGE	AT RGB_PI	DDIV (2/2 PI	D USED)		
TYPICAL RESOLUTION (lx/cnt)						MAXIMUM POSSIBLE ILLUMINATION (Ix)					
RGB_GAIN							RGB	GAIN			
IT (ms)	x2	x1	x0.66	x0.5		x2	x1	x0.66	x0.5		
400	0.0053	0.0105	0.0159	0.0210		344	688	1043	1376		
200	0.0105	0.0210	0.0318	0.0420		688	1376	2085	2752		
100	0.0210	0.0420	0.0636	0.0840		1376	2752	4170	5505		
50	0.0420	0.0840	0.1273	0.1680		2752	5505	8341	11 010		
25	0.0840	0.1680	0.2545	0.3360		5505	11 010	16 682	22 020		
12.5	0.1680	0.3360	0.5091	0.6720		11 010	22 020	33 363	44 040		
6.25	0.3360	0.6720	1.0182	1.3440		22 020	44 040	66 727	88 079		
3.125	0.6720	1.3440	2.0364	2.6880		(-) <sup>(1)</sup>	(-) <sup>(1)</sup>	(-) <sup>(1)</sup>	(-) <sup>(1)</sup>		

TYPICAL RESOLUTION (lx/cnt)						MAXIMUM POSSIBLE ILLUMINATION (Ix)				
RGB_GAIN							RGB_	GAIN		
IT (ms)	x2	x1	x0.66	x0.5		x2	x1	x0.66	x0.5	
400	0.0105	0.0210	0.0318	0.0420		688	1376	2085	2752	
200	0.0210	0.0420	0.0636	0.0840		1376	2752	4170	5505	
100	0.0420	0.0840	0.1273	0.1680		2752	5505	8341	11 010	
50	0.0840	0.1680	0.2545	0.3360		5505	11 010	16 682	22 020	
25	0.1680	0.3360	0.5091	0.6720		11 010	22 020	33 363	44 040	
12.5	0.3360	0.6720	1.0182	1.3440		22 020	44 040	66 727	88 079	
6.25	0.6720	1.3440	2.0364	2.6880		44 040	88 079	133 453	176 158	
3.125	1.3440	2.6880	4.0727	5.3760		(-) <sup>(1)</sup>	(-) <sup>(1)</sup>	(-) <sup>(1)</sup>	(-) <sup>(1)</sup>	

#### Note

<sup>(1)</sup> For integration time of 3.125 ms the maximum count level is no longer 16 bit, so, half the integration time no longer leads to double the max. lux level



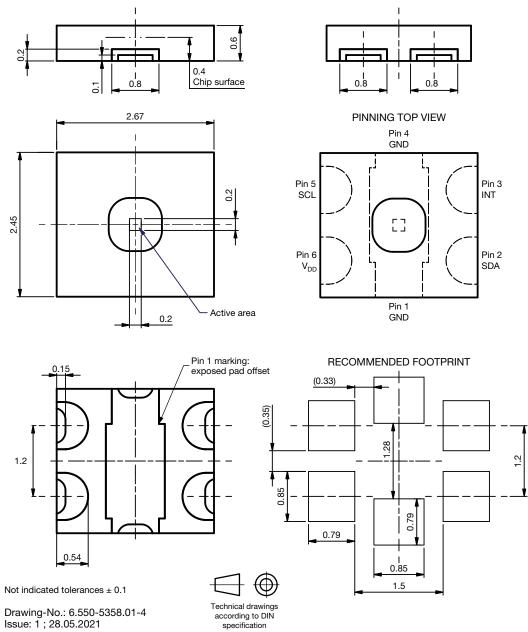
## HANDLING INSTRUCTION

Special care must be taken into consideration when handling the VEML6046X00. VEML6046X00 is sensitive to dust and scratches, proper optical device handling procedures are recommended.

The optical surface of the device must be kept clean for optimal performance in both prototyping with the device and mass production manufacturing procedures. Tweezers with plastic or rubber contact surfaces are recommended to avoid scratches on the optical surface. Avoid manipulation with metal tools when possible. The optical surface must be kept clean of fingerprints, dust, and other optical-inhibiting contaminants. If the device optical surface requires cleaning, the use of isopropyl alcohol is recommended. A few gentle brushes with a soft swab are appropriate. Avoid potentially abrasive cleaning and manipulating tools and excessive force that can scratch the optical surface.

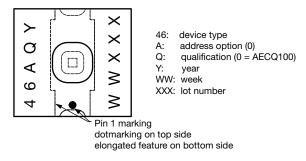
If the VEML6046X00 performs less than optimally, inspect the optical surface for dirt, scratches, or other optical artifacts. VEML6046X00 is a cost effective solution of RGB sensor with I2C bus interface. The standard serial digital interface is easy to access RGB and IR data without complex calculation and programming by external controller. Beside the digital output also a flexible programmable interrupt pin is available.

#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS** in millimeters

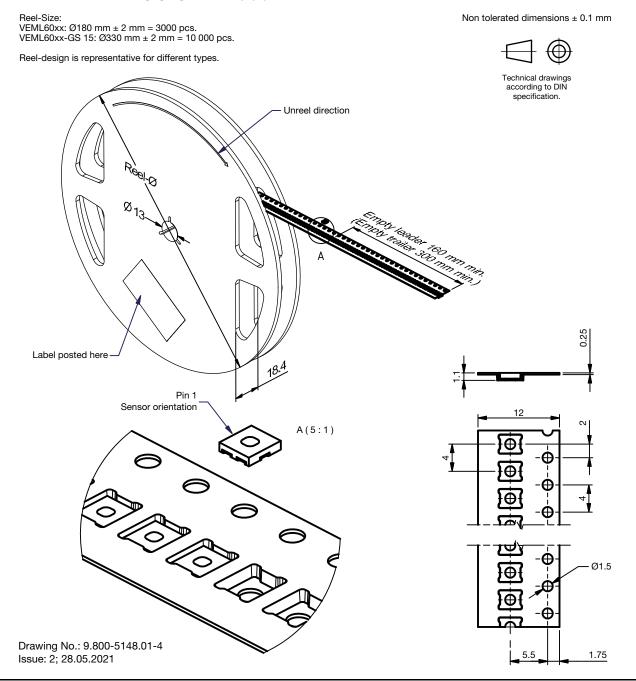




## **MARKING AND PIN 1 IDENTIFICATION**



## **TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS** in millimeters



# Vishay Semiconductors

## **DRYPACK**

Devices are packed in moisture barrier bags (MBB) to prevent the products from moisture absorption during transportation and storage. Each bag contains a desiccant.

### **FLOOR LIFE**

Floor life (time between soldering and removing from MBB) must not exceed the time indicated on MBB label:

Floor life: 4 weeks

Conditions:  $T_{amb}$  < 30 °C, RH < 60 %

Moisture sensitivity level 2a, according to J-STD-020E.

#### **DRYING**

In case of moisture absorption devices should be baked before soldering. Conditions see J-STD-020E or label. Devices taped on reel dry using recommended conditions 192 h at 40  $^{\circ}$ C (+ 5  $^{\circ}$ C), RH < 5  $^{\circ}$ M.

## **REFLOW SOLDER PROFILE**

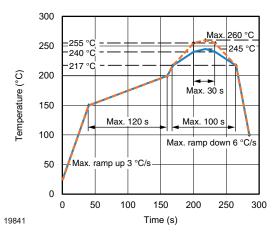


Fig. 11 - Lead (Pb)-free Reflow Solder Profile According to J-STD-020E



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